

In this Issue...

- 1 *Pilot test of PhilSys registration continues*
- 2 *250 thousand work in accommodation and food service*
- 3 *Agricultural Farm Price Statistics in CAR: 1st Quarter 2018 and 2019*
- 4 *CPI in CAR increased by 2.3 index points*
- 5 *15 thousand in hectares in CAR are covered by mineral production sharing agreement*
- 6 *Cordillera records 117 new buildings in the last quarter of 2018*



Pilot Test Registration of PhilSys Continues

The Philippine Statistics Authority (PSA) moves forward with the pilot test registration for the Philippine Identification System (PhilSys) through the registration of the members of the House of Representatives (HOR), along with congressional staff and employees, starting 25 November 2019 until 05 December 2019.

The pilot test registration aims to test the functionality of the registration system and the efficiency of the registration process – ultimately, to guarantee seamless implementation in the mass roll-out of PhilSys by mid-2020.

A total of 20 registration kits will be deployed to capture demographic and biometric information of approximately 4,300 registrants expected to take part in the activity.

PSA is also set to enroll officials and employees of select member agencies of the PhilSys Policy and Coordination Council this year as part of the pilot test registration – namely, the Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD), Department of Information and Communications Technology (DICT), Department of Budget and Management (DBM), Department of Finance (DOF), Bureau of Treasury (BTr), and Social Security System (SSS).



Atty. LOURDINES C. DELA CRUZ, Deputy National Statistician speaks during the orientation of PSA-CAR employees on PhilSys held at the Fortune Hongkong Seafood restaurant on April 25, 2019

Multiple pilot tests shall be done until June 2020 to ensure the efficiency of the processes, functionality of the systems, and security and privacy of data captured. The PSA intends to enroll all Filipinos and resident aliens to the PhilSys by the end of 2022.

For the latest updates and official announcements on PhilSys, visit psa.gov.ph/philsys and like and follow the official Facebook page at facebook.com/PSAPhilSysOfficial.



“A gangsa (gong) is an indigenous musical instrument of the Igorots (“people of the mountain”) of the Cordillera region. It is usually played during cultural celebrations, rituals and festivities. It is a cultural symbol of fellowship and unity among the Igorots.”

250 thousand work in accommodation and food service

Workers in the accommodation and food service (AFS) sector in the country registered at 249,490 in 2017. The workers were employed in 5,540 establishments. The number of workers in the sector decreased by 10.6% from the recorded 279,048 in 2016 who were working in 5,971 business establishments.

Paid employees remained dominant in the employment of AFS sectors with 99.6% share in 2017. This was a minimal improvement in terms of share to total employment from 99.4% in 2016, but a decrease by 28,964 paid workers in a year's span.

About 61.0% in the AFS sector were employed in restaurants and mobile food establishments with a total employment of 152,276 from 3,898 establishments in 2017. This was followed by the employment in the short-term accommodation activities with 84,679 workers from 1,306 businesses or 33.9% in the sector. The rest of the employees in AFS were involved in beverage serving activities (3.1%), event catering and other food services (1.8%) and other accommodation services (0.1%).

Short term accommodation activities had the most workers per establishment on the average with about 65 employees in 2017. Event catering and other food service followed with 59 employees per establishment. On the other hand, beverage serving activities have the least workers with 31 employees per establishment.

61% employed in the accommodation and food service sector with a total of **152,276** from **3,898** establishment



By region, MIMAROPA had the highest average of employed per establishment with 60 workers, followed by CAR with 58 workers per establishment. AFS establishments in Caraga Region came third with 51 average workers per establishment. Businesses in ARMM recorded the lowest average employment with 28 workers per establishment.

Compensation of AFS workers at PHP44.1 billion

AFS establishments had a total expense of PHP 247.3 billion in 2017, indicating a reduction on expenditures by 20.8% from PHP 312.3 billion in

2016. Compensation of workers shared 17.8% in the total expense; while the rest were spent for other costs such as taxes, job contracts, goods, fees and other operation expenses.

ARMM had the highest proportion of compensation to total expenses of AFS establishments, with PhP 22.0 million compensation out of PhP 86.1 million total cost, with about a quarter of its total expenditures or 25.6%. Other regions with compensation share from total expense at par or higher than the national figure were MIMAROPA (21.9%), CAR (20.5%), Western Visayas (20.5%), National Capital Region (18.8%), CALABARZON (18.3%), and Central Visayas (17.8%). The national average compensation per worker in the AFS industry was PhP 177,520 per year in 2017, or about PhP 14,793 per month. This was lower than the figure in 2016 of PhP 191,375 annual compensation, or PhP 15,948 monthly on the average.

AFS workers in NCR have the highest mean annual compensation of PhP 230,228 or a monthly average compensation of PhP 19,185. The lowest was in CARAGA with PhP 103,761 per year, or PhP 8,647 mean monthly compensation per worker.

Workers in short term accommodation activities have better compensation than other AFS activities, with PhP230,984 annually or PhP19,249 monthly. Workers in other accommodation activities had the lowest annual compensation of PhP90,207 or PhP 7,517 monthly.

Income generated by AFS reached 300 billion pesos

Income generated by accommodation and food services reached PHP306.4 billion, down by 16.8% from PhP368.3 billion in 2016. About half of the total income (54.%) was derived from restaurants and mobile food service activities while 41.7% was from short-term accommodation services.

AFS establishments in NCR contributed nearly half of the total income of the industry, sharing PhP151.5.8 billion to the national figure (49.6%). The rest of the country shared the other half of AFS income generated in 2017. CAR establishments derived PhP3.9 billion income or 1.3% of the total.

The income per



expense of all AFS establishments registered at 1.24 in 2017. This means there is 24.0% revenue of these establishments net of all its expenses in the production and delivery of services. This was an improvement compared to the figure a year ago with 1.18 income per expense.

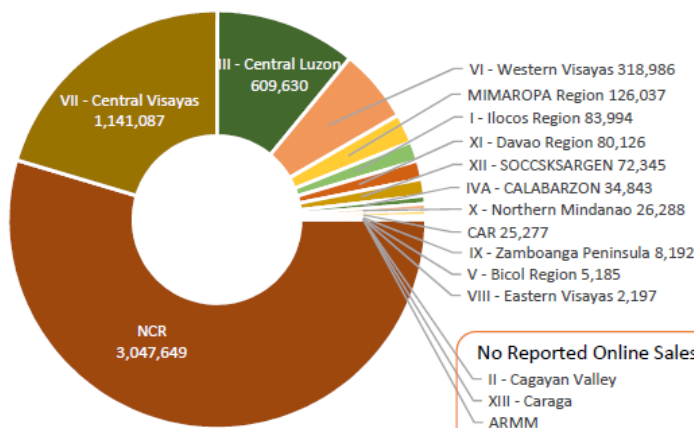
Short term accommodation activities produced 31.0% gain based on its income per expense of 1.31. Event catering and other food service activities resulted to an income per expense of 1.23. Other accommodation activities had the least returns with an income per expense ratio of 1.08.

Among regions, AFS businesses in Northern Mindanao, Eastern Visayas and NCR gained more than a quarter of their expenses, with 1.60, 1.35 and 1.27 income per ratio, respectively. Establishments in Central Luzon and Bicol Regions were at par with the income per expense at the national level. However, those in the Davao Region returned the least with only 9.0% of its expense, or a 1.09 income per expense for 2017.

Labor productivity in NCR reach PHP675 million per worker

Value added of AFS establishments in 2017 hit PhP116.4 billion, falling short by 13.9% from the figure recorded in 2016. Restaurant and mobile food service shared the largest fraction

.... continued on page 3



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

Sales from e-Commerce of AFS Establishments

250 thousand.... from page 2

of value added with 51.5% or PhP59.9 billion; while short term accommodation activities contributed 45.1% or PhP52.5 billion. NCR establishments shared 47.9% of the total value added of AFS businesses in the country with PhP55.8 billion. This was followed by Central Visayas with PhP13.6 billion and CALABARZON with PhP10.4 billion.

The labor productivity, or value added per total employment, of the AFS industry was estimated at PhP466,579 in 2017. This however was a lower figure than the value recorded in 2016 with labor productivity of PhP484,469. Higher productivity was evident in the sectors short term accommodation, event catering and other food services, and restaurants and mobile food service activities. These sectors recorded labor productivity of about PhP400,000 or more annually. Meanwhile, beverage serving and other accommodation activities had value added over employment of below PhP250,000 for the year.

Establishments in Northern Mindanao, NCR and Central Visayas surpassed the national labor productivity for the year, with Central Luzon and Bicol Region following closely with above PhP400,000 annual labor productivity. AFS activities in SOCCSKSARGEN, ARMM, Zamboanga Peninsula, Davao Region and CAR barely passed the PhP300,000-mark of annual labor productivity in 2017.

Sales from E-Commerce in AFS industry still at PHP5.6 billion

Online sales of products and services in the AFS industry remained stable at PhP5.6 billion in 2017. Only activities in short term accommodation and restaurant and mobile food service reported gains from electronic transactions.

Short term accommodations shared PhP5.5 billion sales from e-commerce transactions in 2017, short of about PhP30.1 million of sales compared to that of previous year. Meanwhile, restaurants and mobile food services contributed PhP151.9 million, an improvement of 27.4% from electronic sales in 2016.

AFS businesses in NCR reported the biggest sales through online transactions, with PhP3.4 billion in 2017. This was 60.1% of the total e-commerce sales at the national level. Central Visayas, Central Luzon and Western Visayas regions boosted their sales through electronic means with PhP993.4 million, PhP419.7 million and PhP327.6 million, respectively.

Establishments in Cagayan Valley and Eastern Visayas regions still gained minimal online sales, both with under PhP10.0 million worth of AFS products and services for the year. Northern Mindanao, Caraga and ARMM did not report any online transaction sales as in the previous year.

Agricultural Farm Price Statistics in the Cordillera Region: 1st Quarter 2018 and 2019

Farm Prices Survey (FPS) is a nationwide household-based monthly survey designed to gather data on farmgate or producer's prices received by farmers, livestock and poultry raisers for the sale of their produce, at the first point of sale, excluding transportation and delivery cost. Farmgate Price is the price received by farmers for selling their produce at the first point of sale. These prices depend on the place of sale which may be within the production site, at the wholesale market or other areas.

The general purpose of the FPS is to gather reliable price information at the farm level. It aims to develop sets of price indices and to measure the purchasing power of growers of selected agricultural products and serve as input in analyzing the seasonal trends and variation in agricultural prices.

The availability of marketing information on agriculture, particularly on farm prices, is essential not only in the formulation of economic programs and policies of the government but also in the production planning and decision-making to optimize profit

Cereals



The average farmgate price of palay other variety (dry) went down from ₱19.40 during the first quarter of 2018 to ₱18.62 per kilogram during the first quarter of 2018. During the same period, the price of yellow corn increased from ₱12.75 to ₱13.50 per kilogram.

Livestock and Poultry

The average farmgate price of live weight livestock and poultry increased from the first quarter of 2018 to first quarter of 2019. Price of cattle increased from ₱118.66 to ₱122.21; hogs from ₱117.36 to ₱120.03; goat from ₱107.81 to ₱120.06; chicken native from ₱142.87 to ₱176.71; and duck from ₱139.12 to ₱161.22 per kilogram.



Leafy Vegetables



Due to increased production during the first quarter of 2019, the prices of most leafy vegetables in the Cordillera declined. The farmgate price of cabbage dropped from ₱19.39 to ₱14.75; cauliflower from ₱50.84 to ₱24.69; lettuce from ₱61.22 to ₱50.62; and pechay native from ₱30.98 to ₱25.58 per kilogram. However, prices of celery and pechay Chinese went up from ₱23.03 to ₱33.95 and ₱15.95 to ₱17.53 respectively.

Fruit Vegetables

On fruit vegetables, the average farmgate price of ampalaya decreased from ₱32.26 to ₱26.01; squash from ₱22.57 to ₱16.62; and tomato from ₱19.71 to ₱12.97. On the other hand, the prices of chayote increased from ₱6.99 to ₱15.2; and eggplant long from ₱21.06 to ₱21.58.



Roots and Tubers



The average farmgate prices of carrots decreased from ₱25.27 to ₱17.25 and white potato from ₱30.39 to ₱22.85. Meanwhile, the prices of sweet potato increased from ₱19.88 to ₱26.38 and cassava fresh tubers from ₱11.29 to ₱11.81 per kilogram.

Beans and Legumes

Generally, the average farmgate prices of beans and legumes decreased. Price of habichuelas from dropped from ₱25.04 to ₱23.64, stringbeans from ₱26.92 to ₱25.48 and sweet peas, Chinese Baguio from ₱80.91 to ₱65.75 per kilogram (Figure 6).



... continued on page 5

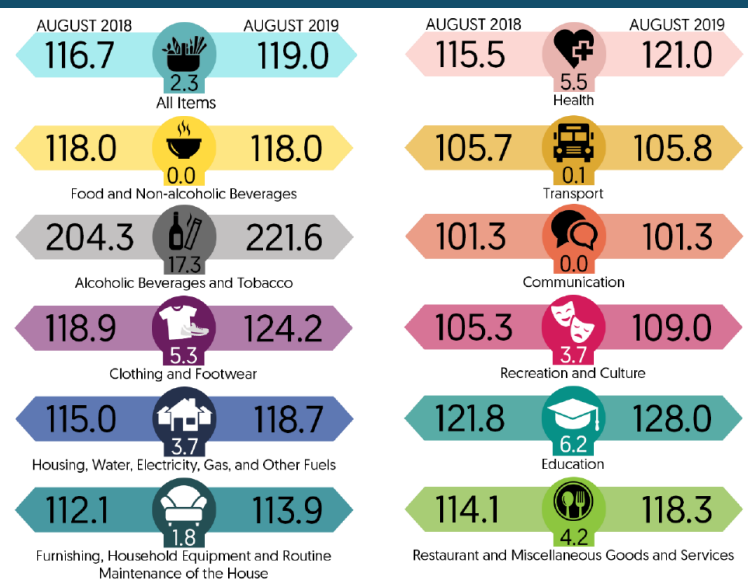
CPI in CAR increases by 2.3 index points

Consumer Price Index (CPI) is the general measure of the change in the average retail prices of a market basket or collection of goods and services commonly purchased by the average Filipino household. The CPI of the Cordillera Administrative Region (CAR) in August 2019 was 119.0. This was higher by 2.3 index points from the 116.7 CPI of August 2018 using 2012 as base year. In general, the CPI increased reflecting the rise in the average prices of goods and services in all the six provinces of CAR. Among the CAR provinces, Kalinga posted the highest CPI for August 2019 at 123.9, followed by Apayao at 122.7, and Benguet at 118.7 while Abra posted the lowest CPI at 116.5.



Among the commodity groups, Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco had the highest CPI in the region with 221.6. The province of Apayao incurred the highest CPI on this commodity with 350.5, followed by Abra, Kalinga, and Ifugao at 279.2, 263.5, and 216.4, respectively. Education registered the second highest CPI among the commodity groups in the region for August 2019 at 128.0 index points. Among the provinces, Kalinga had the highest index on education at 193.9, while Apayao had the least at 65.7. Clothing and Footwear ranked third at 124.2 index points. Kalinga recorded the highest index on clothing footwear at 128.3, followed by Ifugao and Benguet at 128.0 and 124.0 index points, respectively. Communication continued to have the lowest CPI among the commodity groups in the region with 101.3 index points. The province of Apayao incurred the highest index on communication with 105.7 index points, while Mountain Province had the lowest with 98.1 index points.

Among the CAR provinces, Kalinga incurred the highest CPI for all items with 123.9, while Abra garnered the least index at 116.5 in



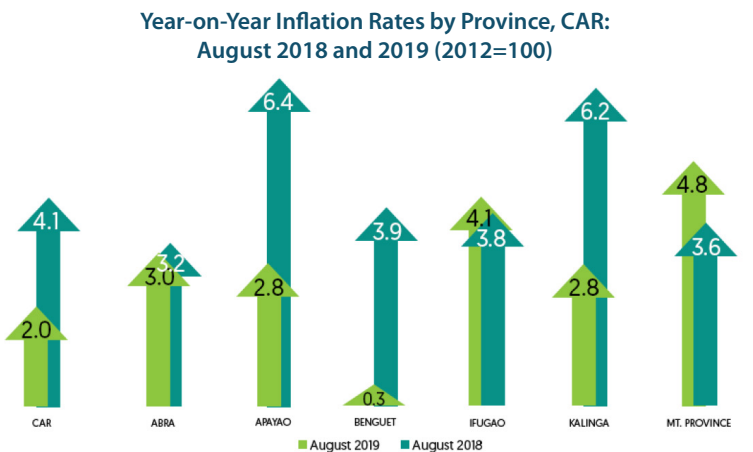
Year-on-Year Consumer Price Index by Commodity Group, CAR: August 2018 and 2019 (2012=100)

By index point change, Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco recorded the highest increase at 17.3. Increases were also incurred in Education (6.2 points), Health (5.5 points), and Clothing and Footwear (5.3 points). The rest of the commodity groups reported minimal annual increases.

Inflation Rate

Inflation Rate (IR) is the rate of change in the average price level between two periods (year-on year/month-on-month as measured by the CPI). The average increase in the prices of goods and services in the region slowed down to 2.0% in August 2019 from the 4.1% in August 2018. Mountain Province and Ifugao posted the highest inflation rate in August 2019 at 4.8% and 4.1%, respectively, followed by Abra at 3.0%, and Apayao at 2.8%. Benguet incurred the least inflation among all provinces, with 0.3%. Inflation surpassed the August 2018 rate for the provinces of Ifugao and Mountain Province while other provinces had lower inflation rates in August 2019.

Inflation rate of the heavily-weighted Food and Non-Alcoholic Beverages index in the region decreased from the July 2019 rate 0.5 to the 0.0 of August 2019. Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco remained to have the highest inflation in August 2019 among other commodities in the region with 8.5%, followed by Education with 5.1% and Health with 4.8%. Among all other commodities, Communication incurred an inflation rate of 0.0%.



By Food Items, Year-on-Year

Among the food items, Corn recorded the highest CPI in the region in August 2019 with 165.3. This was followed by Fruits, Fish, and Meat with 132.2, 125.4, and 122.2 index points, respectively. By index point change, Fish recorded the highest increase by 6.6. Corn followed with a 6.3 index point increase and Oils and Fats with 5.4.

Purchasing Power of the Peso (PPP)

Purchasing Power of the Peso (PPP) measures how much the peso in the reference year is worth in another year. The value of the peso in the region was 84 centavos in August 2019. It dropped by two centavos from 86 centavos in August 2018. This means that one peso in 2012 is worth 84 centavos in August 2019. In other words, a basket of goods that can be bought with 100 pesos in December 2012 is worth 119.0 pesos in August 2019. The PPP in all the provinces generally weakened in August 2019 compared to the same month of the previous year. Abra had the highest peso value at 86 centavos, followed by Ifugao and Mountain Province at 85 centavo-peso value. Meanwhile, Kalinga and Ifugao had the lowest peso value at 81 centavos.

Agricultural... from page 3

Condiments



The changes in average farmgate prices of available condiments in the region in the first quarter of 2019 fluctuated. The price of ginger native slightly went down from ₱25.18 to ₱25.11; onion leeks from ₱36.15 to ₱32.45 and pepper bell from ₱ 50.85 to ₱ 31.08. However, the price of ginger Hawaiian went up from ₱25.66 to ₱26.22 per kilogram (Figure 7).

Fruits

Generally, due to decreased production, the average farmgate prices of fruits available during the period increased. Average prices of banana green bungulan went up from ₱15.82 to ₱24.23; lakatan from ₱25.41 to ₱37.59; latundan from ₱13.29 to ₱23.6; saba from ₱14.00 to ₱19.91; mango green carabao from ₱30.52 to ₱37.12 and calamansi from ₱19.18 to ₱28.72 per kilogram



25th
PHILIPPINE STATISTICS QUIZ
THE SEARCH FOR THE COUNTRY'S YOUNG STATISTICS WHIZZES

15 thousand hectares in CAR are covered by mineral production sharing agreements

About nine million hectares or 30.0 percent of the total land area of the country were identified as having high mineral potential in 2016. This was based from the mineral profile of the Philippines reported by the Mines and Geosciences Bureau (MGB).



There were 11 Mineral Production Sharing Agreement (MPSA) approved in 2016 covering a total land area of 15,542.9 hectares in the Cordillera Administrative Region (CAR). Mineral Production Sharing Agreement (MPSA) is one of three types of mineral agreements that the government grants to a contractor for the right to mine within, but not title over, a contract area. The MPSA covers about 0.8 percent of the total land area of the region, and 0.2 to the total mineable land in the country.

8 of 11 mining agreements covers Benguet province

Out of the 11 MPSA in CAR, eight were situated in the province of Benguet covering a total land area of 13,817.9 hectares. The remaining three covered the province of Abra with an area of 1,725.0 hectares.

Employment Rate in Mining and Quarrying at 17.8%

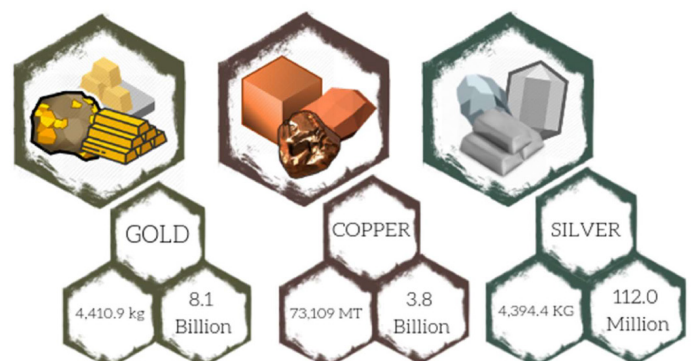
CAR ranked third on the highest employment rate for Mining and Quarrying with a total of 5,156 employed workers or 17.8 percent of the total employment based on the result of the 2016 Annual Survey of Philippine Business and Industry.

Davao region had the highest employment with 5,887 workers or 20.3 percent share to the total employment, followed by Caraga with 5,804 workers or 20.0 percent share.

For every basic job in the mining industry, about four ancillary and indirect jobs may be generated.

CAR ranks 4th highest in Mining and Quarrying expense

The region came fourth with the highest expenses in mining and quarrying including compensation with PHP13.8 billion or 15.1 percent of the total expenses for the industry in the country. continued on page 6



15 thousand from page 5

In 2016, PHP558.0 million was committed by mining companies for the development of host and neighboring communities through the approved Social Development and Management Program in 2016.



Another PHP15.0 million budget was allotted by firms for community development program.

Meanwhile, the companies committed the amount of PHP554 million for the implementation of projects under the Environmental Protection and Enhancement Program, and Final Mine Rehabilitation and/or Decommissioning Plan.

Further, over eight million seedlings were planted by the mining companies in more than 10 thousand hectares of mined-out and other areas under the Mining Forest Program as of December 2016.

Mining and quarrying industry contributes 2.9% to total GRDP of CAR

Mining and quarrying industry contributed 2.9 percent to the total Gross Regional Domestic Product (GRDP) of CAR, at current prices in 2016. The gross value added (GVA) of mining and quarrying industry in CAR declined by an annual average of 2.3 percent from PHP9.4 billion in 2004 to PHP7.0 billion in 2016.

Value added is gross output less intermediate input. Gross output for the mining and quarrying sector is value of output plus income from non-industrial services done for others (except rent income from land). Intermediate input is intermediate expense plus expense for non-industrial services done by others (except rent expense for land) and other costs.

From 2004 to 2016, the recorded GVA in 2007 had the highest contribution to the total GRDP of CAR at current prices contributing 11.1 percent, while 2015 and 2016 had the lowest contributions to the total economy with 2.9 percent.

In 2016, CAR recorded a 4,410.9 kg of gold production valued at PHP8.1 billion. Copper production produced 73,109.0 MT and valued at PHP3.8 billion, while silver production produced 4,394.4 kg and valued at PHP112.0 million.

In 2016, the value of non-metallic mineral production was estimated at PHP258.8 million. Sand and gravel registered a total production of 720,275.5 cubic meters with value of PHP175.0 million, which shared 67.6 percent to the total value of production.

Cordillera records 117 new buildings in the last quarter of 2018

The region recorded a total of 117 private constructions for the Fourth Quarter of 2018 based from the records on approved building permits in the region. The data include new constructions and additions, alterations and repairs of existing residential and nonresidential buildings, and other structures undertaken in all cities/municipalities of the country.

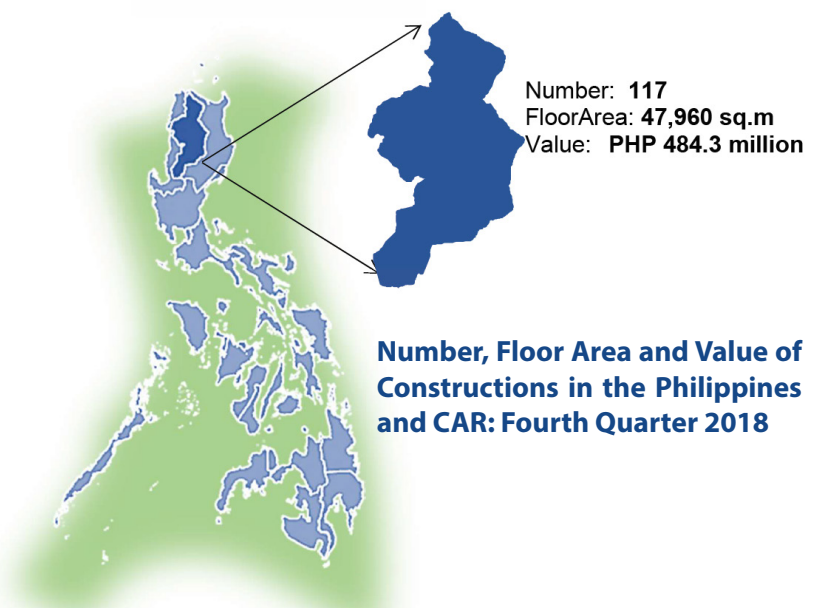
On a national scale, building constructions reached 11,906 with total value of PhP34.3 billion. The construction projects had a total floor area of 47,960 square meters and cost PhP 484.4 million. These accounted for 1.0% of the total private constructions in the country for the last quarter.

Philippines

Number: **11,906**

Floor Area: **2,846,388 sq.m**

Value: **PHP 34.4 billion**



Number, Floor Area and Value of Constructions in the Philippines and CAR: Fourth Quarter 2018

Private constructions in the region decreased by 65.9% from the 343 constructions in the same period in 2017.

3 in 4 buildings are residential buildings

Residential building constructions shared 75.2% of the region's construction projects in the Fourth Quarter of 2018. This decreased by 63.6% from the 242 projects reported in the same quarter in 2017. These constructions were valued at PhP 343.8 million with a total floor area of 27,174 square meters.

Non-residential building constructions comprised 18.0% of total projects or 21 units with a total floor area of 20,731 square meters and valued at PhP 134.6 million. The same number of construction projects were recorded in the Fourth Quarter of 2017. Alteration and repairs comprised 5.1% of the private constructions; while additions comprised only of 1.7%.

Most of the residential buildings are in Benguet and Baguio City

There were 44 building projects in Benguet and Baguio City in the Fourth Quarter of 2018 with a total floor area of 23,695 square meters. These were valued at PhP 31.3 million. Of these, 43 units were for single occupancy and 1 residential condominium. Apayao recorded 36 building constructions in the Fourth Quarter of 2018. All were designed for single occupancy. Four housing projects were approved both in Kalinga and Ifugao. No residential construction was recorded in Mountain Province.

Most non-residential building projects located in Benguet

Non-residential constructions consist of commercial buildings, industrial buildings, institutional, agricultural, and other non-residential construction. Benguet had 9 units of non-residential building construction in the Fourth Quarter 2018. Constructions in the province increased by 28.6% from the previous record of 7 units. These buildings had a total floor area of 17,651 square meters and were valued at PhP 111.1 million. Construction in Apayao slight increased to 6 building units from the 5 non-residential units recorded in 2017. These buildings had a total floor area of 1,714 square meters and were valued at PhP 11.5 million. Kalinga and Ifugao had the least number of approved non-residential constructions with 4 and 2 buildings,

respectively. There were no non-residential construction activities undertaken in Abra and Mountain Province.

2 in 4 approved commercial buildings are stores

Stores comprised 75.0% of the total commercial buildings under the non-residential construction in the Fourth Quarter of 2018. These had a combined floor area of 1,707 square meters valued at PhP 9.3 million. Most of the stores were located in Apayao (5), followed by Benguet (2), Kalinga (1), and Ifugao (1). One new hotel/motel was approved for construction in Benguet with a total floor area of 16,864 square meters valued at PhP 100.8 million. A bank was also built in Benguet with

Commercial Constructions



9 Stores
Floor area: 1,707 sq.m.
Value: PHP 9.3 million



1 Hotel/ Motel
Floor area: 16,864 sq.m.
Value: PHP 100.8 million



1 Other Commercial Buildings
Floor area: 45 sq.m.
Value: PHP 1.4 million



1 Bank
Floor area: 92 sq.m.
Value: PHP 1.2 million

a floor area of 92 square meters that cost at PhP 1.2 million. Additional 1 unit of other commercial building was built in Kalinga.

6 schools are in Benguet

There were 2 new school building projects for the Fourth Quarter of 2018 in the region with a total area of 410 square meters valued at PHP 4.4 million. Kalinga had 1 new school building and Ifugao had also 1 school building. Building permits for the construction of other type of institutional buildings in Benguet and Kalinga were approved. These buildings had an accumulated cost of PHP 13.5 million with a total floor area of 1,349 square meters.

Institutional Constructions



2 schools
Floor area: 410 sq.m.
Value: Php 4.4 million



6 other institutional building
Floor area: 1,349 sq.m.
Value: Php 13.5 million

Vital Statistics

	2016	2017	2018
Registered Births			
Cordillera Administrative Region	39,531	39,557	28,687
Abra	4,967	5,303	3,286
Apayao	3,218	3,330	1,768
Baguio City	10,298	9,866	6,382
Benguet	7,294	7,075	7,410
Ifugao	4,002	4,018	3,594
Kalinga	5,607	5,691	3,871
Mt. Province	4,145	4,274	2,376
Registered Marriage			
Cordillera Administrative Region	9,658	9,247	9,171
Abra	1,509	1,027	1,105
Apayao	733	636	560
Baguio City	1,665	1,704	1,843
Benguet	2,654	2,705	2,568
Ifugao	1,132	1,198	1,084
Kalinga	1,076	1,173	1,188
Mt. Province	889	804	823
Registered Deaths			
Cordillera Administrative Region	8,905	8,823	8,541
Abra	1,552	1,509	1,642
Apayao	657	643	551
Baguio City	2,488	2,566	1,688
Benguet	1,653	1,561	1,933
Ifugao	772	784	879
Kalinga	922	926	926
Mt. Province	861	834	922

Projected Population('000)³

	2018	2019	2020
Philippines	106,599	108,274	109,948
Cordillera Administrative Region	1,880	1,912	1,945
Abra	259	262	264
Apayao	134	136	139
Benguet*	839	854	868
Ifugao	228	233	237
Kalinga	238	242	247
Mt. Province	183	186	190

note: * - including Baguio City

3/ - Source: 2010 Census-Based National, Regional and Provincial Population Projections

Literacy^{7/}

	2003	2008	2015
Cordillera Administrative Region			
Basic Literacy Rate	91.6	94.8	94.9
Functional Literacy Rate	85.4	89.2	91.2

note: 7/ - Source: Functional Literacy, Education, and Mass Media Survey

PUBLIC ADVISORY

This is to warn the public of posts about the Philippine Identification System (PhilSys) and the start of registration circulating online from the following Facebook group and pages:

- Philippine National ID Card 2019
- Discover Philippines (@DiscoverThePH)
- Government PH (@Government.Philippines)
- University Belt Manila -Officials (@ubeltmanila)
- South Upi Highlights (@SouthUpiHighlightsofficial)
- Chai Tuazon News (@chaituazon2)

The public is hereby informed that posts coming from the above-mentioned Facebook group and pages are not official and accurate. The pilot registration, covering select groups only, starts in September 2019 to test the registration process and systems. The PSA will issue a subsequent public advisory once the process and systems are ready for mass registration.

Accordingly, the public is hereby advised to refer to the PSA website (psa.gov.ph/philsys) and PhilSys Facebook page (facebook.com/PSAPhilSysOfficial) for official announcements regarding the PhilSys implementation.

For guidance of the public.

Atty. LOURDINES C. DELA CRUZ
Assistant Secretary
Deputy National Statistician
PhilSys Registry Office

The quarterly newsletter is prepared by the Statistical Operations and Coordination Division (SOCD) of PSA-CAR

Editor-in-Chief

Aldrin Federico R. Bahit Jr., OIC-Chief

Assistant Editor-in-Chief

Jezi R. Boado, IO

Managing Editor

Camille Carla U. Beltran, SSS

Staff/Contributors

Jocelyn O. Tayaban, SrSS
Betina Joy V. Bermillo, SS II
Ma. Gina V. De Guzman, SS II
Warren B. Mamanteo, SS II
Brozybroz Y. Mateo, SS II
Jeannel I. Barcayan, SA
Cherry D. Kiaw, AS
Stephen Estigoy, JO
Kay Angelika M. Castro, JO
Marie Roselle N. Benebe, JO

Layout Artist

Winsky B. Salisa, ISA

Adviser

Villafe P. Alibuyog, Regional Director

Address:

3F,141 CTLT Bldg. Abanao Extension
Rizal Monument, Baguio City 2600
Telephone No.: (074) 443-7763
Email: socd_psacar@yahoo.com

ANNOUNCEMENT

Effective **02 February 2018**, the new fees for request of the following civil registry documents shall be:

PHP155.00 per copy for the issuance of birth, marriage, death and authentication

PHP210.00 per copy for CENOMAR/CEMAR

Request for copy made before 02 February 2018 but paid on/after 02 February 2018 shall be subject to the new fees.

The increase in fees is pursuant to Sec. 12 of BIR Revenue Regulations No. 4-2018, "Rules and Regulations Implementing the Documentary Stamp Tax (DST) Rate Adjustment under Republic Act No. 10963, otherwise known as the Tax Reform for Acceleration and Inclusion (TRAIN) Law."



REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES
PHILIPPINE STATISTICS AUTHORITY

2020
CENSUS
of POPULATION and HOUSING
Sama na, Census na!

Starts May 4



<http://www.psa.gov.ph>



/PhilippineStatisticsAuthority



@PSAgovph