

Republic of the Philippines
<u>PHILIPPINE STATISTICS AUTHORITY</u>
IFUGAO PROVINCIAL STATISTICAL OFFICE



# Summary Inflation Report Consumer Price Index (2018=100)

Date of Release: October 8, 2024 Reference No. SR-2024-034

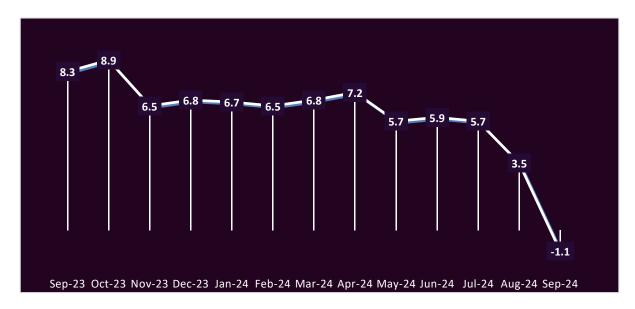
## I. INFLATION RATE (IR)

Inflation in Ifugao decreased to -1.1 percent in September 2024 from 3.5 percent in August 2024. In addition, September 2024 inflation was lower by 9.4 percentage points from 8.3 percent in September 2023 and 4.6 percentage points lower from 3.5 percent in August 2024. (Table 1)

#### Table 1. Year-on-Year Inflation Rates, All Items, Ifugao In percent (2018=100)

Area	September 2023	August 2024	September 2024
CAR	5.2	3.4	1.2
IFUGAO	8.3	3.5	-1.1

#### Figure 1. Inflation Rates, Ifugao, All Items (2018=100)





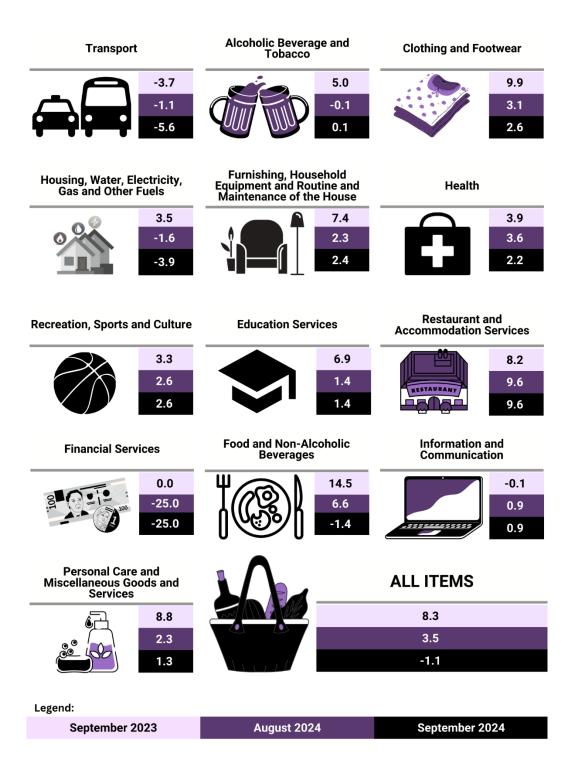
2/F, RTK Bldg., Dotal St. corner Cuta Drive, Poblacion South, Lagawe, Ifugao Philippines 3600
 Contact No: (Smart) 0919-6979606
 https://rssocar.psa.gov.ph/ifugao



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# Figure 2. Year-on-Year Inflation Rates by Commodity Group: Ifugao (2018 = 100) (In Percent)





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In terms of inflation rates among commodity groups, Restaurants and Accommodation Services experienced the highest share and increase at 9.6 percent.

In addition, contributing to the uptrend in the overall inflation during the period were the higher annual average growth in the indices of the following commodity groups:

- 1. Clothing and Footwear, 2.6;
- 2. Recreation, Sport and Culture, 2.6;
- 3. Furnishings, Household Equipment and Routine Household Maintenance, 2.4;
- 4. Health, 2.2;
- 5. Education Services, 1.4;
- 6. Personal Care, and Miscellaneous Goods and Services, 1.3;
- 7. Information and Communication, 0.9;
- 8. Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco, 0.1

## **II. CONSUMER PRICE INDEX (CPI)**

The Survey of Retail Prices of Commodities, conducted by the Philippine Statistics Authority (PSA), has produced a Consumer Price Index (CPI) of 127.0 in Ifugao as of September 2024, with 2018 serving as the base year. This figure indicates that the overall cost of a typical basket of goods and services commonly purchased by a Filipino household in various municipalities of Ifugao remained stable during the reference month.

Table 2 illustrates that all commodity groups either maintained their Consumer Price Index or experienced a decrease, except for Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas and Other Fuels, Furnishings, Household Equipment and Routine Household Maintenance, Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco, Personal Care, and Miscellaneous Goods and Services







# 'Table 2. Consumer Price Index by Subgroup, Month-on-Month and Year-on-Year **Percent Changes**

		September 2023	August 2024	September 2024
Restaurants and Accommodation Services		148.5	162.8	162.8
Clothing and Footwear		136.4	140.4	139.9
Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco	<b>T</b>	135.7	135.5	135.8
Recreation, Sport and Culture		128.9	132.3	132.3
Health	$\widehat{\mathbf{+}}$	127.7	131.1	130.5
Food and Non-Alcoholic Beverages	<b>I</b> ®}	128.6	129.3	126.8
Furnishings, Household Equipment and Routine Household Maintenance		122.6	125.1	125.5
Transport		131.7	127.4	124.3
Personal Care, and Miscellaneous Goods and Services		120.8	122.2	122.4
Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas and Other Fuels		126.9	121.5	122.0
Education Services		118.8	120.5	120.5
Information and Communication		99.9	100.8	100.8
Financial Services		100.0	75.0	75.0
ALL ITEMS		128.4	128.4	127.0



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# **III. PURCHASING POWER OF PESO (PPP)**

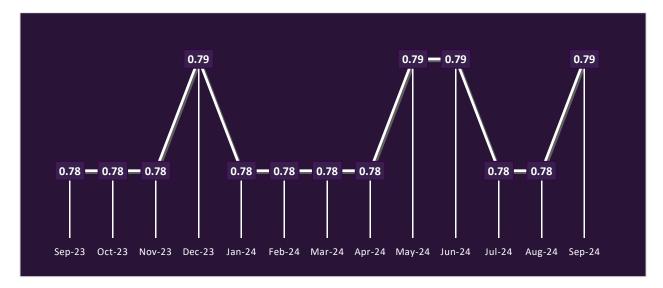


Figure 4. Monthly Purchasing Power of Peso in Ifugao (2018 = 100)

The Purchasing Power of the Peso (PPP) is intricately linked to the Inflation Rate, functioning inversely; as the Inflation Rate drops, the PPP increases. For instance, consider the value of one peso from 2018: by September 2024, it is valued at 79 centavos, reflecting a slight increase of one centavo from September 2023. Similarly, a hundred pesos from 2018 would translate to just 79 pesos by September 2024.

This gradual increase in the purchasing power of the peso highlights the significant impact of inflation on consumers. With the rising purchasing power, maintaining a usual standard of living becomes more manageable, allowing consumers to better manage their expenses.

An increase in the purchasing power of the peso means that each peso can buy more goods and services than before, enabling consumers to stretch their budgets further.





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# **TECHNICAL NOTES**

#### **Consumer Price Index (CPI)**

The CPI is an indicator of the changes in the average retail prices of a fixed basket of goods and services that most people buy for their day-to-day consumption relative to a base year.

#### **Uses of CPI**

The CPI is most widely used to calculate inflation rate and the purchasing power of peso. It is a major statistical series used for economic analysis and as monitoring indicator of government economic policy. It is also used to adjust other economic series for price changes. For example, CPI components are used as deflators for most personal consumption expenditures (PCE) in the calculation in the Gross National Product (GNP). Another major importance of the CPI is its use as basis to adjust wages in labor management contracts as well as pensions and retirement benefits. Increases in wages through collective bargaining agreements used the CPI as one of their bases.

#### **Computation of the CPI**

The computation of the CPI involves consideration of the following important points:

#### **Base Period.**

The reference date or period is the benchmark or reference date or period at which the index is taken as equal to 100

#### Market Basket

A sample of the thousands of varieties of goods purchased for consumption and services availed by the households in the country was selected to represent the composite price behavior of all goods and services purchased by consumers.

#### Weighting System

The weighting pattern uses the expenditures on various consumer item purchased by households as proportion to total expenditure.

#### Formula

The formula used in computing the CPI is the weighted arithmetic mean of price relatives, the Laspeyre's formula with a fixed base year period (2012) weights.

#### **Geographic Coverage**

CPI values are computed at the national, regional, and provincial levels, and for selected cities.



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# Inflation Rate (IR)

The Inflation Rate is the rate of change or the year-on-year change of the CPI. Inflation is interpreted in terms of declining purchasing power of peso.

#### **Headline Inflation**

Headline inflation refers to the rate of change in CPI. It captures the changes in the cost of living based on the movements of prices of items in the basket of commodities and services consumed by the typical Filipino households.

#### **Core Inflation**

Core inflation measures the change in average consumer prices after excluding from the CPI certain items with volatile price movements. By stripping out the volatile components of the CPI, core inflation allows us to see the broad underlying trend in consumer prices. Core inflation is often used as an indicator of the long-term inflation trend and as indicator of future inflation. It is usually affected by the amount of money in the economy relative to production, or by monetary policy.

#### Purchasing Power of the Peso (PPP)

The purchasing power of the peso (PPP) shows how much peso in the base period is worth in the current period. It is computed as the reciprocal of the CPI for the period under review multiplied by 100.

DELANO C. BOLISLIS, JR. Chief Statistical Specialist

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