

SPECIAL RELEASE

Women and Men in Kalinga

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This special release presents selected information on Women and Men in Kalinga. Data provided in this special release were taken from the latest available data from census, various surveys, and vital statistics of the Philippine Statistics Authority (PSA).

Population

Males outnumbered females by 7.12 percent in terms of Total Population

Based on the 2020 Census of Population and Housing (2020 CPH), as of May 1, 2020, Kalinga had a Total Population of 229,570. (Table 1)

More than half or 51.72 percent (118,734 persons) of the total population were male, while the remaining 48.28 percent (110,836 persons) were female. (Table 1)

The City of Tabuk and the seven (7) municipalities were dominated with men. More than half of the male total population or 51.99 percent (61,726 persons), and female total population or 53.51 percent (59,307 persons) were in the City of Tabuk. (Table 1)

Figure 1. Percentage of Male, and Female to Male Total Population, and Female Total Population by City/Municipality: Kalinga,2020

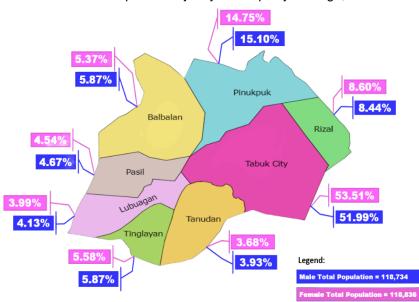


Table 1. Total Population by Sex and Municipality/City: Kalinga, 2020

Province, and	TOTAL POPULATION								
Municipality	Both sexes	Male	Female						
KALINGA	229,570	118,734	110,836						
Balbalan	12,914	6,967	5,947						
Lubuagan	9,323	4,904	4,419						
Pasil	10,577	5,548	5,029						
Pinukpuk	34,275	17,927	16,348						
Rizal	19,554	10,027	9,527						
City of Tabuk	121,033	61,726	59,307						
Tanudan	8,746	4,670	4,076						
Tinglayan	13,148	6,965	6,183						

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing (CPH)



Males outnumbered females by 6.9 percent in terms of Household Population

Of the province's total population (229,570 persons), 99.89 percent or 229,328 persons form part of the household population. Men dominated the province's household population with 118,539 persons or 51.69 percent while women comprised the remaining 48.31 percent or 110,789 persons. (Table 2)

The City of Tabuk had the greatest number of household population for both men and women. It is followed by the Municipality of Pinukpuk, and Municipality of Rizal. The Municipality of Tanudan had the lowest number of household population for both men and women. (Figure 2)

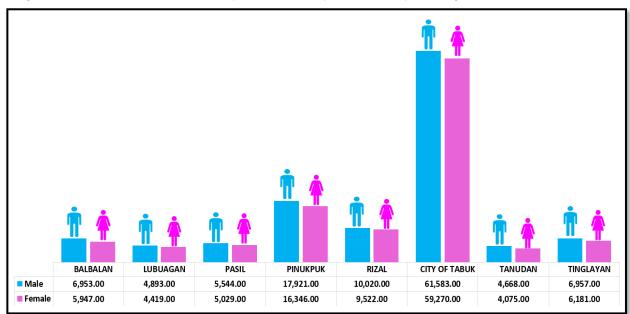


Figure 2. Household Population by Sex, and City/Municipality: Kalinga, 2020

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing (CPH)

Sex ratio stands at 107 males per 100 females

The sex ratio in the Province of Kalinga was computed at 107 in 2020. This means that there were 107 males for every 100 females. The sex ratio in 2015 was similar at 107 males per 100 females.

In 2020, children aged below 15 years had a sex ratio of 108 males per 100 females, while those aged 15 to 64 years had a sex ratio of 109 males per 100 females. Moreover, among those aged 65 years and over, the sex ratio was 86 males per 100 females. This depicts a longer life expectancy among females than males or a higher mortality rate among males than females in the older age groups. (Figure 3, Table 2)

Figure 3 : Sex Ratio by Selected Age Group: Kalinga, 2020

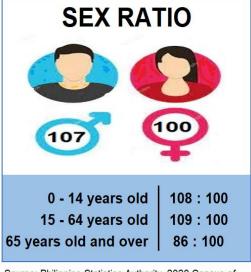




Table 2. Number and Percent to All Ages of Household Population, and Sex Ratio by Selected Age Group: Kalinga, 2020 and 2015

Voor and Ago		Number		Percent	Cov		
Year and Age Group	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Sex Ratio
2020							
All Ages	229,328	118,539	110,789				107
0 - 4	22,218	11,517	10,701	9.7	9.7	9.7	108
5 - 9	23,620	12,261	11,359	10.3	10.3	10.3	108
10 - 14	24,173	12,607	11,566	10.5	10.6	10.4	109
15 - 19	24,196	12,376	11,820	10.6	10.4	10.7	105
20 - 24	22,535	11,630	10,905	9.8	9.8	9.8	107
25 - 29	19,826	10,366	9,460	8.6	8.7	8.5	110
30 - 34	16,853	9,082	7,771	7.3	7.7	7.0	117
35 - 39	14,064	7,500	6,564	6.1	6.3	5.9	114
40 - 44	12,536	6,698	5,838	5.5	5.7	5.3	115
45 - 49	10,914	5,667	5,247	4.8	4.8	4.7	108
50 - 54	9,848	5,022	4,826	4.3	4.2	4.4	104
55 - 59	8,279	4,287	3,992	3.6	3.6	3.6	107
60 - 64	6,952	3,387	3,565	3.0	2.9	3.2	95
65 - 69	5,188	2,587	2,601	2.3	2.2	2.3	99
70 - 74	3,385	1,574	1,811	1.5	1.3	1.6	87
75 - 79	2,174	952	1,222	0.9	0.8	1.1	78
80 years and over	2,567	1,026	1,541	1.1	0.9	1.4	67
<u>2015</u>							
All Ages	212,003	109,662	102,341				107
0 - 4	23,198	12,058	11,140	10.9	11.0	10.9	108
5 - 9	24,036	12,585	11,451	11.3	11.5	11.2	110
10 - 14	23,745	12,313	11,432	11.2	11.2	11.2	108
15 - 19	22,415	11,735	10,680	10.6	10.7	10.4	110
20 - 24	20,120	10,395	9,725	9.5	9.5	9.5	107
25 - 29	17,474	9,246	8,228	8.2	8.4	8.0	112
30 - 34	14,243	7,557	6,686	6.7	6.9	6.5	113
35 - 39	12,811	6,710	6,101	6.0	6.1	6.0	110
40 - 44	11,216	5,862	5,354	5.3	5.3	5.2	109
45 - 49	10,136	5,201	4,935	4.8	4.7	4.8	105
50 - 54	8,782	4,556	4,226	4.1	4.2	4.1	108
55 - 59	7,442	3,693	3,749	3.5	3.4	3.7	99
60 - 64	5,527	2,826	2,701	2.6	2.6	2.6	105
65 - 69	3,941	1,873	2,068	1.9	1.7	2.0	91
70 - 74	2,853	1,313	1,540	1.3	1.2	1.5	85
75 - 79	2,020	883	1,137	1.0	0.8	1.1	78
80 years and over	2,044	856	1,188	1.0	0.8	1.2	72

Sources: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing and 2015 Census of Population



Table 3. Household Population, and Sex Ratio by City/Municipality and Selected Age Group: Kalinga 2020

City/Municipality	Но	Household Population								
and Age Group	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Ratio						
Balbalan										
All Ages	12,900	6,953	5,947	117						
0-14	3,467	1,782	1,685	106						
15-64	8,275	4,616	3,659	126						
65 and above	1,158	555	603	92						
Lubuagan		•								
All Ages	9,312	4,893	4,419	111						
0-14	2,692	1,385	1,307	106						
15-64	5,917	3,191	2,726	117						
65 and above	703	317	386	82						
Pasil										
All Ages	10,573	5,544	5,029	110						
0-14	2,879	1,501	1,378	109						
15-64	6,917	3,670	3,247	113						
65 and above	777	373	404	92						
Pinukpuk	-	-								
All Ages	34,267	17,921	16,346	110						
0-14	10,593	5,463	5,130	106						
15-64	21,731	11,510	10,221	113						
65 and above	1,943	948	995	95						
Rizal										
All Ages	19,542	10,020	9,522	105						
0-14	5,877	3,003	2,874	104						
15-64	12,583	6,527	6,056	108						
65 and above	1,082	490	592	83						
City of Tabuk										
All Ages	120,853	61,583	59,270	104						
0-14	37,905	19,718	18,187	108						
15-64	76,745	39,103	37,642	104						
65 and above	6,203	2,762	3,441	80						
Tanudan										
All Ages	8,743	4,668	4,075	115						
0-14	2,644	1,398	1,246	112						
15-64	5,544	2,990	2,554	117						
65 and above	555	280	275	102						
Tinglayan										
All Ages	13,138	6,957	6,181	113						
0-14	3,954	2,135	1,819	117						
15-64	8,291	4,408	3,883	114						
65 and above	893	414	479	86						

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing

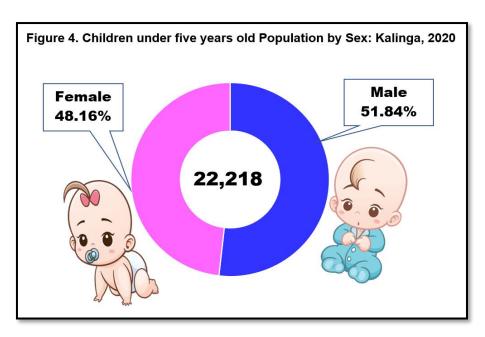
The City of Tabuk, and the Municipality of Rizal sex ratios were computed at 104 and 105 respectively, both were below the computed provincial sex ratio of 107 in 2020. The Municipality of Balbalan, on the other hand, had the highest sex ratio computed at 117. (Table 3)

For the age group 0 to 14, the Municipality of Tinglayan had the highest sex ratio at 117, while the Municipality of Rizal had the lowest ratio computed at 104. The Municipality of Balbalan recorded the highest sex ratio at 126, while the City of Tabuk had the lowest sex ratio computed at 104 for the age group 15 to 64. And for the age group 65 and above, the Municipality of Tanudan recorded the highest sex ratio at 102, while the City of Tabuk had the lowest computed sex ratio at 80. (Table 3)



There are more males than females in children under five years old

Children below five years old comprised 9.69 percent (22,218 persons) of Household Population, which is lower than the 10.94 percent (23,198 persons) posted in 2015. The sex ratio in 2020 and 2015 were the same and computed 108 at males per 100 females. (Table 2)



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing (CPH)

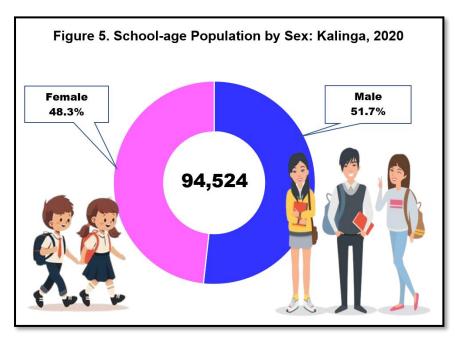
The Municipality of Rizal had the lowest sex ratio in 2020 at 103 males per 100 females. It is followed by the Municipality of Pasil, and the City of Tabuk at 105 and 107 respectively. Conversely, the Municipality of Balbalan, had the highest sex ratio at 116. (Table 4)

Table 4. Number, and Sex Ratio of Children Under Five Years of Age by City/Municipality: Kalinga, 2020

City/Municipality	ı		Sex Ratio	
City/Municipality	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Sex Ratio
Kalinga	22,218	11,517	10,701	108
Balbalan	1,062	570	492	116
Lubuagan	845	442	403	110
Pasil	899	460	439	105
Pinukpuk	3,369	1,756	1,613	109
Rizal (Liwan)	1,859	942	917	103
City Of Tabuk (Capital)	12,099	6,255	5,844	107
Tanudan	834	434	400	109
Tinglayan	1,251	658	593	111



School-age population accounted for 41.21 percent of the total household population



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing (CPH)

In 2020, the school-age population (5 to 24 years old) accounted 41.22 for percent (94,524 persons) of the household population of the province, down from the 42.6 percent (90,316 persons) in 2015. Of this figure, 51.7 percent or 48,874 persons were males, while the remaining 48.3 percent or 45,650 persons, were females. (Table 2 & 5, and Figure 5)

The sex ratio in 2020 for the school-age population was computed at 107 males per 100 females. The Municipality of Tinglayan, and Municipality of Tanudan posted the highest sex ratios at 118 and 117 respectively.

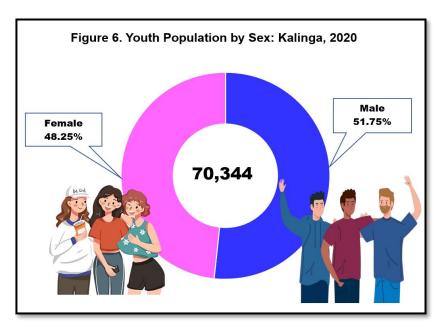
Table 5. Number and Sex Ratio of School-age Population (5 to 24 years old), by City/Municipality: Kalinga, 2020

City/Municipality			Sex	
City/Municipality	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Ratio
Kalinga	94,524	48,874	45,650	107
Balbalan	4,788	2,526	2,262	112
Lubuagan	3,664	1,876	1,788	105
Pasil	4,052	2,123	1,929	110
Pinukpuk	14,228	7,351	6,877	107
Rizal (Liwan)	7,798	3,970	3,828	104
City Of Tabuk (Capital)	50,548	25,928	24,620	105
Tanudan	3,803	2,050	1,753	117
Tinglayan	5,643	3,050	2,593	118



More than half of the youth population were male

Youth, or persons whose age ranges from 15 to 30 years, totaled 70,344 individuals or about 30.67 percent of the household population in 2020. In the Philippines, individuals of this age group considered of voting age for the Sangguniang Kabataan under Republic Act No. 8044 (Sangguniang Kabataan Act of 2015). (Table 2 and Figure 6)



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing (CPH)

In 2020, male youth outnumbered female youth by 7.26 percent, or 2,466 persons. Male youth made up 51.75 percent (36,405 persons) and female youth made up 48.25 percent (33,939 persons) of the youth population. (Table 6 and Figure 6)

Sex ratio of the youth population was computed at 107 males per 100 females for the province of Kalinga. The City of Tabuk, and the Municipality of Rizal had sex ratios below the provincial sex ratio, while the other municipalities computed sex ratios were above the provincial level. (Table 6).

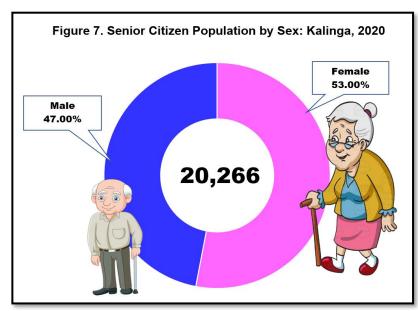
Table 6. Number, and Sex Ratio of the Youth Population (15 to 30 years old) by City/Municipality: Kalinga, 2020

City/Municipality			Sex Ratio		
City/Municipality	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Sex Ratio	
Kalinga	70,344	36,405	33,939	107	
Balbalan	3,627	1,994	1,633	122	
Lubuagan	2,793	1,493	1,300	115	
Pasil	3,292	1,744	1,548	113	
Pinukpuk	10,453	5,502	4,951	111	
Rizal (Liwan)	5,807	2,958	2,849	104	
City Of Tabuk (Capital)	37,193	18,833	18,360	103	
Tanudan	2,870	1,556	1,314	118	
Tinglayan	4,309	2,325	1,984	117	



More than half of the senior citizens population were female

People aged 60 years old and over are regarded as senior citizens in the Philippines. In the Province of Kalinga, they accounted 8.84 percent (20,266)persons) of the Household Population in 2020, higher than the 7.73 percent (16,385 persons) recorded in 2015. There were more females (53%) than males (47%)among the senior citizens, in 2020. The same trend was observed in 2015. (Table 2 & 7 and Figure 7)



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing (CPH)

Table 7. Number, and Sex Ratio of Age Group 60 Years Old and Over by City/Municipality: Kalinga, 2020

City/Municipality	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Sex Ratio
Kalinga	20,266	9,526	10,740	89
Balbalan	1,670	833	837	100
Lubuagan	1,007	468	539	87
Pasil	1,120	543	577	94
Pinukpuk	3,019	1,487	1,532	97
Rizal (Liwan)	1,721	819	902	91
City of Tabuk (Capital)	9,613	4,365	5,248	83
Tanudan	837	410	427	96
Tinglayan	1,279	601	678	89

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing

The sex ratio for the age group 60 years old over was computed at 89 males per 100 females. Below the provincial level sex ratio were, City of Tabuk at 83, and the Municipality of Lubuagan at 87. Moreover, the Municipality of Tinglayan computed sex ratio was 89, same with the province. The rest of the municipalities had sex ratios above the provincial sex ratio. (Table 7)



More than half of the working-age or economically-active population were men

Among young dependents, defined as those under the age of 15 years, there was a higher proportion of males, accounting for 51.97 percent, compared to females, who represented 48.03 percent. (Table 2 and Figure 8)

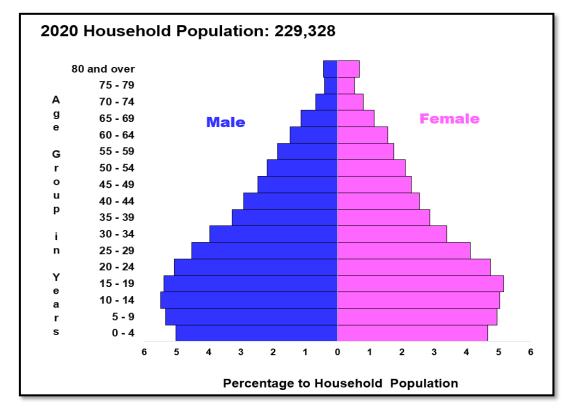


Figure 8. Age-Sex Pyramid: Kalinga

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing (CPH)

Similarly, within the working-age or economically-active population (15-64 years old), males were also predominant, constituting 52.06 percent, while females made up 47.94 percent of this demographic group. (Table 2 and Figure 8)

Conversely, among the older dependents aged 65 years and over, females outnumbered males significantly, with females comprising 53.89 percent compared to 46.11 percent males. The same trend was also observed in 2015. (Table 2)

More men were single in 2020

In 2020, Kalinga's household population aged 10 years and over totaled 183,490 persons, in which men outnumbered the women by 6.79 percent. (Figure 9)

Household Divorced/ Population Common-Law/ Single Married Widowed Separated/ Unknown 10 Years Old Live-in Annulled and Over 5,435 2,034 Male 94.761 44.687 41.724 879 Female 88,729 34,686 5,968 41 557 5 077 1 433

Figure 9. Household Population 10 Years Old and Over, by Marital Status and Sex: Kalinga,2020

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing (CPH)

Moreover, the marital status distribution revealed notable disparities between sex. A higher proportion of males (47.16%) were single compared to females (39.09%), indicating a greater prevalence of singlehood among males. Conversely, more females (46.84%) were married than males (44.03%), demonstrating a subtle gender difference in marital status.

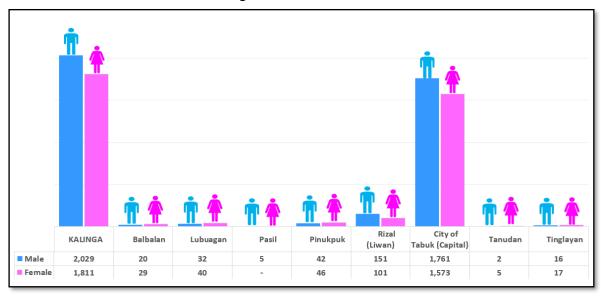
Moreover, there was a significant gender gap in the widowed category, with 6.73 percent of females compared to only 2.15 percent of males being widowed. However, in terms of common-law or live-in relationships, the distribution was relatively equal, with approximately 5.72 percent of females and 5.74 percent of males in this category. (Figure 9)

Vital Statistics

More men were born in 2023

In 2023, a total of 3,840 children were born in Kalinga. Of this total, 2,029 were males, which is 12.03 percent higher than the number of females born, at 1,811. This shows a ratio of 112 males per 100 females, which means for every 100 female children born, there are 112 males. (Figure 10)

Figure 10: Number of Registered Live Births by Sex of the Child, and Place of Occurrence: Kalinga ,2023.



Source: Source: Philippine Statistics Authority (Data on live births are based on registration at the City/Municipal Civil Registrars nationwide, and submitted to the Office of the Civil Registrar General; derived from Certificate of Live Birth-Municipal Form No.102)

In terms of the place of occurrence, the City of Tabuk registered the highest number of births with 3,334 children. Moreover, the City of Tabuk registered the highest number of males and females born. The Municipality of Pasil, on the other hand, registered the lowest number of births with 5 male children. (Table 8)

Table 8: Number of Registered Live Births by Place of Occurrence, Sex of Child and by City/Municipality: Kalinga, 2023

Dravings and City/Municipality		Number	
Province and City/Municipality	Both Sexes	Male	Female
KALINGA	3,840	2,029	1,811
Balbalan	49	20	29
Lubuagan	72	32	40
Pasil	5	5	-
Pinukpuk	88	42	46
Rizal (Liwan)	252	151	101
City of Tabuk (Capital)	3,334	1,761	1,573
Tanudan	7	2	5
Tinglayan	33	16	17

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority (Data on live births are based on registration at the City/Municipal Civil Registrars nationwide, and submitted to the Office of the Civil Registrar General; derived from Certificate of Live Birth-Municipal Form No. 102)

Notes: Figures are results of actual registration without any adjustment of under registration.



In 2023, September recorded the highest number of births, with a total of 411 children. In contrast, February had the lowest number of births, with only 284 recorded. (Figure 11)

January 314 **February** 284 March April 299 May 288 June 305 July 285 August 285 September October 362 November December 338 50 100 200 250 300 350 400 450

Figure 11: Number of Registered Live Births by Month: Kalinga ,2023

Source: Source: Philippine Statistics Authority (Data on live births are based on registration at the City/Municipal Civil Registrars nationwide, and submitted to the Office of the Civil Registrar General; derived from Certificate of Live Birth-Municipal Form No.102)

Table 9. Number of Registered Live Births by Month and by Place of Occurrence, Kalinga: 2023

Place of		Month											
Occurrence (Province and City/Municipality)	Total	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec
KALINGA	3,840	314	284	312	299	288	305	285	285	411	362	357	338
Balbalan	49	5	5	1	3	3	1	6	3	4	8	4	6
Lubuagan	72	4	5	5	5	5	6	7	3	9	8	7	8
Pasil	5	1	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pinukpuk	88	6	6	6	8	7	13	8	4	10	9	5	6
Rizal (Liwan)	252	20	13	18	22	11	15	31	17	27	25	32	21
City of Tabuk	3,334	274	253	275	260	261	269	229	254	357	308	300	294
Tanudan	7	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
Tinglayan	33	3	1	5	-	1	1	3	3	3	3	8	2

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority (Data on live births are based on registration at the City/Municipal Civil Registrars nationwide, and submitted to the Office of the Civil Registrar General; derived from Certificate of Live Birth-Municipal Form No. 102)

Note: Figures are results of actual registration without any adjustment of under registration.



Mothers aged 25 to 29 topped the highest birth-giving statistics

In 2023, most of the registered births were from mothers in the age group of 25-29, totaling 1,125 births, followed by 30-34 with 884 births, and 20-24 with 774 births. It is notable that there were six births recorded for mothers under 15 years old. (Figure 12)

50 & Over 45-49 40-44 35-39 518 Age Group 30-34 884 25-29 1125 20-24 340 15 - 19Under 15 200 1200 0 400 600 800 1000 Number of Registered Live Births

Figure 12: Number of Registered Live Births by Age Group of Mother: Kalinga ,2023

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority (Data on live births are based on registration at the City/Municipal Civil Registrars nationwide, and submitted to the Office of the Civil Registrar General; derived from Certificate of Live Birth-Municipal Form No.102)

Table 10. Number of Registered Live Births by Age Group of Mother and by Place of Occurrence, Kalinga: 2023

Province and City/Municipality		Age Group										
	Total	Under 15	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50 & Over	Not Stated	
KALINGA	3,840	6	340	774	1,125	884	518	176	10	1	6	
Balbalan	49	-	2	9	19	10	6	2	-	1	-	
Lubuagan	72	-	2	12	24	22	9	3	-	-	-	
Pasil	5	-	-	1	-	3	1	-	-	-	-	
Pinukpuk	88	-	7	23	22	15	16	5	-	-	-	
Rizal (Liwan)	252	-	29	58	66	51	34	13	1	-	-	
City of Tabuk	3,334	6	299	664	988	776	445	145	9	-	2	
Tanudan	7	-	-	2	1	-	-	3	-	-	1	
Tinglayan	33	-	1	5	5	7	7	5	-	-	3	

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority (Data on live births are based on registration at the City/Municipal Civil Registrars nationwide, and submitted to the Office of the Civil Registrar General; derived from Certificate of Live Birth-Municipal Form No. 102)

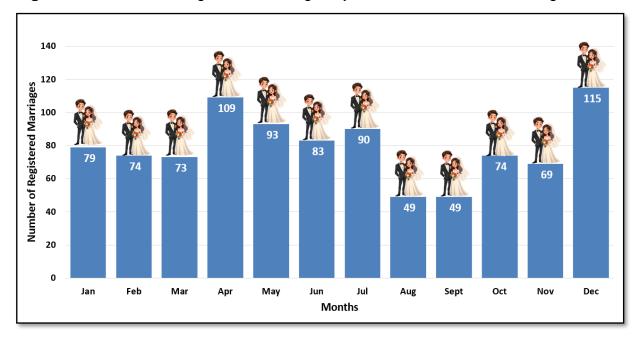
Note: Figures are results of actual registration without any adjustment of under registration.



Most marriages were recorded in the month of December

In 2023, a total of 957 marriages were recorded, with the highest number occurring in December (115 marriages) and the lowest in August (49 marriages) and September (49 marriages). (Figure 13)

Figure 13: Number of Registered Marriages by Month of Occurrence: Kalinga ,2023



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority (Data on marriages are those registered at the City/Municipal Civil Registrars throughout the country, and submitted to the Office of the Civil Registrar General; Certificate of Marriage - Municipal Form No.97)

Note: Figures are results of actual registration without any adjustment of under registration.

Table 11. Number of Registered Marriages by Month of Occurrence and Place of Occurrence, Kalinga: 2023

Diago of	Month of Occurrence												
Place of Occurrence	Total	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec
KALINGA	957	79	74	73	109	93	83	90	49	49	74	69	115
Balbalan	83	3	4	2	4	1	2	7	4	17	2	28	9
Lubuagan	51	3	10	3	7	5	4	6	1	3	4	2	3
Pasil	25	-	1	1	5	6	1	3	-	1	-	5	2
Pinukpuk	80	4	4	9	15	13	7	5	2	1	4	2	14
Rizal (Liwan)	92	4	14	9	18	9	6	2	3	4	10	3	10
City of Tabuk	471	45	31	39	46	49	45	48	30	17	43	17	61
Tanudan	59	8	7	4	6	4	5	6	3	1	5	5	5
Tinglayan	96	12	3	6	8	6	13	13	6	5	6	7	11

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority (Data on marriages are those registered at the Office of the City/Municipal Registrars throughout the country and submitted to the Office of the Civil Registrar General; Certificate of Marriage – Municipal Form 97)

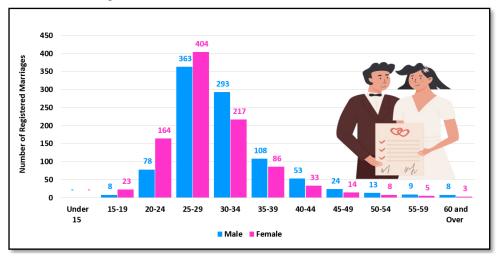
Note: Figures are results of actual registration without any adjustment for under registration



Most marriages involved individuals aged 25 to 29 years old

For men, the majority of marriages involved those aged 25-29 (363 men), while the least were in the age group 15-19 (8 men). Interestingly, there were recorded marriages for men aged 60 years and over (18 men). (Figure 14, Table 12)

Figure 14: Number of Registered Marriages by Age Group of Male and Female: Kalinga ,2023



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority (Data on marriages are those registered at the City/Municipal Civil Registrars throughout the country, and submitted to the Office of the Civil Registrar General; Certificate of Marriage - Municipal Form No.97)

Note: Figures are results of actual registration without any adjustment of under registration.

Table 12. Number of Registered Marriages by Age Group of Male and Place of Occurrence, Kalinga: 2023

Place of						Age Gro	up of Mal	е				
Occurrence	Total	Under 15	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 and Over
KALINGA	957	-	8	78	363	293	108	53	24	13	9	8
Balbalan	83	-	-	8	20	25	15	9	3	3	-	-
Lubuagan	51	-	-	5	19	13	6	5	1	-	2	-
Pasil	25	-	-	2	4	13	3	1	-	-	2	-
Pinukpuk	80	-	-	1	27	23	14	5	3	4	1	2
Rizal (Liwan)	92	-	6	19	29	20	10	4	1	1	1	1
City of Tabuk	471	-	2	33	180	152	51	25	15	5	3	5
Tanudan	59	-	-	4	33	17	2	2	1	-	-	-
Tinglayan	96	-	-	6	51	30	7	2	-	-	-	-

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority (Data on marriages are those registered at the Office of the City/Municipal Registrars throughout the country and submitted to the Office of the Civil Registrar General; Certificate of Marriage – Municipal Form 97)

Note: Figures are results of actual registration without any adjustment for under registration

Similarly, for women, the most common age group for marriages was 25-29 (404 women), while the lowest was in the age group 60 and over (3 women). Notably, there were 23 marriages involving women aged 15-19. (Figure 14, Table 13)

Table 13. Number of Registered Marriages by Age Group of Female and Place of Occurrence, Kalinga: 2023

	Age Group of Female											
Place of Occurrence	Total	Under 15	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 and Over
KALINGA	957	-	23	164	404	217	86	33	14	8	5	3
Balbalan	83	-	1	11	26	26	12	6	1	-	-	-
Lubuagan	51	-	1	13	20	10	6	1	-	-	-	-
Pasil	25	-	-	3	10	4	5	2	1	-	-	-
Pinukpuk	80	-	2	7	30	25	7	2	3	2	2	-
Rizal (Liwan)	92	-	7	22	36	14	7	1	2	1	2	-
City of Tabuk	471	-	9	79	203	107	40	17	7	5	1	3
Tanudan	59	-	1	6	31	13	4	4	-	-	-	-
Tinglayan	96	-	2	23	48	18	5	-	-	-	-	-

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority (Data on marriages are those registered at the Office of the City/Municipal Registrars throughout the country and submitted to the Office of the Civil Registrar General; Certificate of Marriage – Municipal Form 97)

Note: Figures are results of actual registration without any adjustment for under registration



Men recorded a higher number of deaths in 2023

In Kalinga, there was a total of 1,120 deaths, including 2 maternal deaths and 13 infant deaths. Of the total number of deaths, 674 were men and 446 were women. (Figure 15)

1,120

RIP

Figure 15: Percentage Share of Registered Deaths by Sex: Kalinga, 2023

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority (Data on deaths are those registered at the Office of the City/Municipal Civil Registrars throughout the country, and submitted to the Office of the Civil Registrar General; Certificate of Death - Municipal Form No.103)

Notably, the highest number of deaths was recorded among females aged 85 and over, while for males, the highest number was in the 70-74 age group. On the other hand, the lowest number of deaths among females was in the 1-4 age group, while for males, the lowest was in the 5-9 age group. (Figure 16)

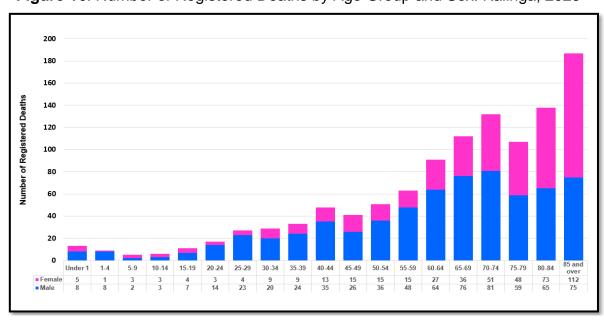


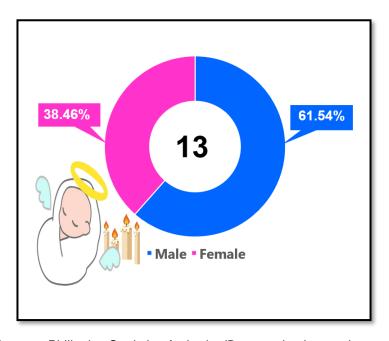
Figure 16: Number of Registered Deaths by Age Group and Sex: Kalinga, 2023

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority (Data on deaths are those registered at the Office of the City/Municipal Civil Registrars throughout the country, and submitted to the Office of the Civil Registrar General; Certificate of Death - Municipal Form No.103)



On infant deaths, there were 8 males and 5 females recorded. The recorded maternal deaths, on the other hand, occurred in the age groups 20-24 years old (1 death), and 35-39 years old (1 death), all of which were from the City of Tabuk. (Table 14 and Figure 17)

Figure 17: Percentage Share of Registered Infant Deaths by Sex: Kalinga, 2023



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority (Data on deaths are those registered at the Office of the City/Municipal Civil Registrars throughout the country, and submitted to the Office of the Civil Registrar General; Certificate of Death - Municipal Form No.103)

TABLE 14. Number of Registered Maternal Deaths by Age Group and Place of Occurrence, Kalinga: 2023

	Age Group									
Place of Occurrence	Total	Under 15	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 & over
Kalinga	2	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-
City of Tabuk	2	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority (Data on deaths are based on registration at the Office of the City/Municipal Civil Registrars nationwide, and submitted to the Office of the Civil Registrar General; derived from Certificate of Death-Municipal Form No. 103)

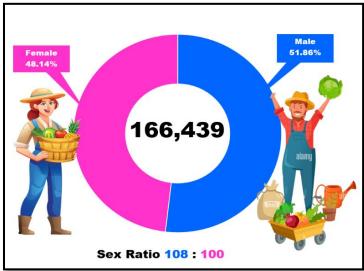


Agriculture

Agricultural Population

Based on the results of the 2022 Census of Agriculture and Fisheries (CAF), the total agricultural population in Kalinga was estimated at 166,439 individuals. Out of the total agricultural population, 51.86 percent were males, while 48.14 percent were females. Sex ratio was computed at 108 males per 100 females. (Figure 18 and Table 15)

Figure 18: Agricultural Population 18 Years Old and Over by Sex: Kalinga, 2022



Agricultural Population with Ownership or Secure Rights over Agricultural Land

Of the total agricultural population, individuals who reported owning or having secure rights over their agricultural land accounted for 29.8 percent or 49,669 individuals. Of this individuals, 73.67 percent were males (36,592 individuals), while 26.33 percent were females (13,077 individuals). (Table 15 and Figure 19)

Figure 19: Agricultural Population 18 Years Old and Over with Ownership or Secure Rights Over Agricultural Land by Sex: Kalinga, 2022

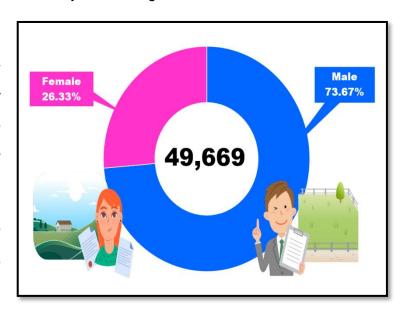


Table 15. Agricultural Population 18 Years Old and Over with Ownership or Secure Rights Over Agricultural Land by Sex: Kalinga,2022

Total Agricultural Population 18 Years Old and Over			Agricultural Po and Over with Rights Ove	•	or Secure	Years and Over	Proportion of Agricultural Population 18 Years and Over With Ownership or Secure Rights Over Agricultural Land		
Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	
166,439	86,311	80,128	49,669	36,592	13,077	29.8%	42.4%	16.3%	

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2022 Census of Agriculture and Fisheries



Households with Agricultural Operators

The number of Agricultural households or households with at least one agricultural operator, that is, with crop, livestock and/or poultry operators, reached 63,595 in year 2022. (Figure 20)

Among the total number of agricultural households, 28,156 (44.27%) were households with operators engaged in crop farming activities only, and 14,352 (22.57%) were households with operators engaged in livestock and/or poultry farming activities only, and 21,087 (33.16%) were households with operators engaged in both crop and livestock and poultry farming activities. (Figure 20)

70,000 63.595 Number of Agricultural Households 60,000 50,000 40,000 28,156 30,000 21,087 20,000 14,352 10,000 Livestock and/or Poultry Both Crop Operations and Number of Households **Crop Operations Only** with at Least One **Operations Only** Livestock and/or Poultry Agricultural Operator Operations Only

Figure 20: Number of Agricultural Households: Kalinga, 2022

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2022 Census of Agriculture and Fisheries

Agricultural Operators

The number of agricultural operators in the year 2022 was 66,921 individuals for the province of Kalinga. Almost half (42.9%) of the agricultural operators were engaged exclusively in crop farming (crop farm operators only), while 35.7 percent were operators of both crop farm and livestock and/or poultry farm activities. The 21.4 percent operators raised livestock and/or poultry animals only and did not have any crop farm operations. (Table 16)

Table 16. Number and Percent Share of Agricultural Operators by Type of Operator: Kalinga, 2022

Type of Operator	Number of Operators	Percent Share to Total Number of Operators		
Agricultural Operators (Crop/Livestock/Poultry)	66,921	100		
Crop Farm Operators Only	28,682	42.9		
Livestock and/or Poultry Farm Operators Only	14,355	21.4		
Both Crops and Livestock and Poultry Farm Operators	23,884	35.7		

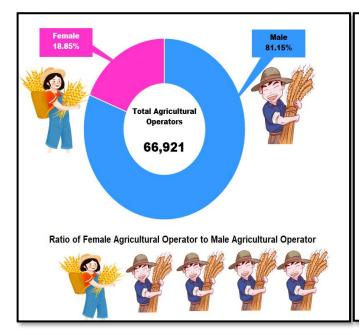
Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2022 Census of Agriculture and Fisheries

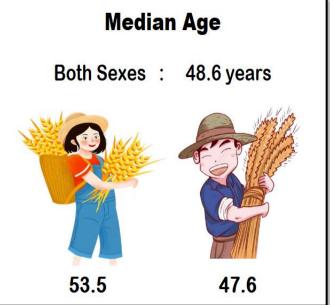
The average number of agricultural operators per agricultural household in the province of Kalinga in 2022 was 1.05 operators per household.

Of the total 66,921 agricultural operators in 2022, 54,308 (81.15%) were males while 12,613 (18.85%) were females. This translated into a ratio of about four male agricultural operators for every one female agricultural operator. (Figure 21)

For both sexes, the median age was 48.6 years. Female agricultural operators had a median age of 53.5 years, nearly 6 years older than their male counterparts, whose median age was 47.6 years. (Figure 21)

Figure 21: Male-Female Ratio, and Median Age of Agricultural Operators: Kalinga, 2022





Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2022 Census of Agriculture and Fisheries



The proportion of agricultural operators increases with age, starting from 15 to 19 years to 40 to 44 years. Among the agricultural operators, the younger age group (15 to 29 years old) accounted for only a small proportion (7.5%) of the total agricultural operators. The middle age group (30 to 49 years) accounted for a large proportion of 45.8 percent. Moreover, the older age group (50 and above) accounted for nearly half (46.6%) of the total number of agricultural operators. In the same age group (50 and above), 14.1 percent were in the age group of 65 years and above. (Figure 22)

2022 CAF Total Agricultural Operators: 66,921 10.28 65 - Over 3.85 60 - 64 8.08 2.40 Α 55 - 59 7.96 2.50 g 50 - 54 9.29 2 29 45 - 49 10.28 1.75 G 40 - 44 10.92 1.92 r 35 - 39 9.43 1.71 u 30 - 34 1.28 8.54 p 25 - 294.69 0.79 20 - 24 1.39 0.29 FEMALE MALE

Figure 22: Sex Distribution of Agricultural Operators by Age Group Kalinga, 2022

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2022 Census of Agriculture and Fisheries

5

0.28

0.06

Percent Share to Total Agricultural Operators

10

15

15 - 19

15

10

Election

In 2022, males held 84 positions, while females held 9 positions, highlighting a notable gender gap. This pattern persisted in the 2019 election, with males dominating councilor roles. For the two election periods, male candidates consistently secured key positions such as Mayor, Governor and Member of the House of Representatives. (Figure 23, Table 17)

2019

Female
13.98%

Male
86.02%

93

Male
86.02%

Male
90.32%

Male
90.32%

Figure 23: Percentage of elected candidates by Sex: Kalinga, 2019 and 2022

Moreover, 1 female was a Member of the Sangguniang Panlalawigan, while 12 were Councilors in the 2019 election. For the 2022 election, 1 female was a Member of the Sangguniang Panlalawigan, 1 was a Vice Mayor, and 7 were Councilors. (Table 17)

Table 17. Number of Elected Candidates per Elective Position by Sex: Kalinga, 2019 and 2022.

Position	l	Numbe (2019)	_	Number (2022)			
rosidon	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	
Member, House of Representatives	1	1	0	1	1	0	
Governor	1	1	0	1	1	0	
Vice-Governor	1	1	0	1	1	0	
Member, Sangguniang Panlalawigan	8	7	1	8	7	1	
Mayor	8	8	0	8	8	0	
Vice-Mayor	8	8	0	8	7	1	
Councilor	66	54	12	66	59	7	
Total	93	80	13	93	84	9	

Source: Commission on Elections (COMELEC)



Definition of Terms and Concepts

Age refers to the interval of time between the person's date of birth and his/her last birthday prior to the census reference date. It is expressed in completed years or whole number.

Agricultural Operator - is a civil or juridical person who/that exercises management control over the agricultural operation of a farm and takes major decisions regarding resource use. He/she has technical and economic responsibility for the farm and may undertake all responsibilities directly, that is, he/she operates the farm or delegates responsibilities related to day-to-day work management to a hired manager. Economic responsibility means major decision in using the finances in operating the farm. An agricultural operator could be the owner or tenant/lessee of the farm who is solely responsible for making the major decisions of the operation of the agricultural farm, including the management and supervision of hired labor. Meanwhile, a person hired to supervise the day-to-day activities on the farm owned by another household or by a non-household is NOT a CROP FARM OPERATOR for the 2022 CAF. He/she is called a hired manager. (2022 CAF)

- Crop Farm Operator is solely responsible for making the technical and economic decisions and implementation of the plans involving the types of crops to be planted in relation to the type of soil in the agricultural farm, amount of water to be used in irrigating the farm, fertilizer to apply, time of planting and other farm implements, and other consequences that may result from the farm operation.
- Livestock/Poultry and/or Insect/Worm Farm Operator is solely responsible for taking the technical and economic decisions and implementation of the plans involving the kind of livestock/poultry to raise and/or insects/worms to be cultured, type of feeds and vaccines, time of pasture in an open field and time back shelter. number animals of putting them in а of for slaughter/dressing/selling, and other consequences that may result from the farm operation.

Birth the act or process of delivering a child. It may either be a live birth or a stillbirth. (NEDA)

Civil Registration is defined as the continuous, permanent and compulsory recording of the occurrences and characteristics of vital events, primarily for their value as legal documents and secondary for their usefulness as a source of statistics.

Death refers to the permanent disappearance of all signs of life of a living person at any time. (PSA)

Death registration - registration is the permanent and official recording of a person's death.



Infant mortality – is the death of an infant before his or her first birthday. The infant mortality rate is the number of infant deaths for every 1,000 live births.

Household is a social unit consisting of person or a group of persons who sleep in the same housing unit and have a common arrangement in the preparation and consumption of food.

Household population refers to all persons who are members of the household.

Median age is the age that divides the population into two numerically equal groups; that is, half of the population are younger than this age and the other half are older.

Marital status – status of an individual in relation to marriage, classified as follows:

- Single refers to a person who has never married;
- Married refers to a couple living together as husband and wife, legally or consensually;
- Divorced refers to a person whose bond of matrimony has been dissolved legally and who therefore can remarry;
- Separated refers to a person separated legally or not from his/her spouse because of marital discord or misunderstanding;
- Widowed refers to a person whose bond of matrimony has been dissolved by death of his/her spouse

Maternal death – is the death of a woman while pregnant of within 42 days of termination of pregnancy, irrespective of the duration and the site of the pregnancy, from any cause related to or aggravated by the pregnancy or its management, but not from accidental or incidental causes.

Mortality rate – generally expresses the chance that death will occur during a particular period to a person in a particular population group alive at the beginning of the period. As such, those rates are true probabilities and describe precisely the risk of dying for any actual cohort. (NEDA)

Sex is the biological and physiological reality of being a male or female.

Sex ratio is the number of males per one hundred females in a population.

Approved for Release:

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