

REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES PHILIPPINE STATISTICS AUTHORITY

Cordillera Administrative Region

# SPECIAL RELEASE

### 2019 Cordillera Vegetables Situationer

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The Philippine Statistics Authority (PSA) generates production-related statistics on crops other than palay and corn through the Crops Production Survey (CrPS). This is a quarterly survey that aims to generate basic production statistics for crops at the national and sub-national levels. Nineteen major crops under the Other Crops sub-sector are highlighted in the Performance of Philippine Agriculture Report (PAR). It covers more than 280 crops sub-classified under three commodity groupings, namely: 1) Non-Food and Industrial Crops (NFICs), 2) Fruit Crops, and 3) Vegetables. The commodity coverage by province differs and depends on what each province produces. After the collection and organization of statistics on Other Crops, these undergo review and validation process before finally made available to data users.

Region/Province —	Production (MT)		% Change
	2018	2019	- % Change
CAR	368,670.0	368,608.2	(0.02)
Major	131,579.9	129,516.7	(1.57)
Priority	237,090.1	239,091.46	0.84
Abra	5,861.2	5,863.2	0.03
Major	1,903.0	1,890.6	(0.65)
Priority	3,958.2	3,972.64	0.36
Арауао	13,267.7	13,985.3	5.41
Major	12,107.7	12,698.9	4.88
Priority	1,160.0	1,286.41	10.90
Benguet	297,019.2	308,218.6	3.77
Major	87,034.8	94,261.6	8.30
Priority	209,984.4	213,957.0	1.89
Ifugao	18,339.8	8,130.8	(55.67)
Major	15,062.0	5,358.4	(64.42)
Priority	3,277.8	2,772.41	(15.42)
Kalinga	1,005.2	959.6	(4.54)
Major	462.1	341.8	(26.05)
Priority	543.1	617.80	13.76
Mountain Province	33,176.9	31,140.6	(6.14)
Major	15,010.3	14,965.6	(0.30)
Priority	18,166.6	16,175.06	(10.96)

#### Table 1. Major and Priority Vegetables Production by Province, CAR: CY 2019

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

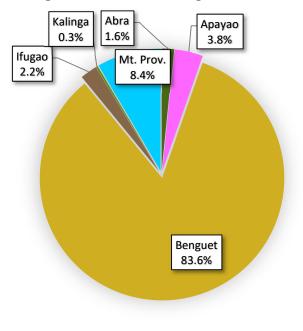
 The vegetables production of the Cordillera Administrative Region (CAR) slightly decreased by 0.02% from 368,670.0 MT in 2018 to 368,608.2 MT in 2019. Ifugao, Kalinga and Mt. Province registered negative performances while, Abra, Apayao and Benguet increased production (Table 1).

Region/Province	Production (MT)	% to Total
CAR	368,608.2	100.0
Major	129,516.7	35.1
Priority	239,091.5	64.9
Abra	5,863.2	1.6
Major	1,890.6	0.5
Priority	3,972.6	1.1
Арауао	13,985.3	3.8
Major	12,698.9	3.4
Priority	1,286.4	0.3
Benguet	308,218.6	83.6
Major	94,261.6	25.6
Priority	213,957.0	58.0
Ifugao	8,130.8	2.2
Major	5,358.4	1.5
Priority	2,772.4	0.8
Kalinga	959.6	0.3
Major	341.8	0.1
Priority	617.8	0.2
Mountain Province	31,140.6	8.4
Major	14,965.6	4.1
Priority	16,175.1	4.4

#### Table 2. Distribution of Total Vegetables Production by Province, CAR: CY 2019

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

- In 2019, 239,091.5 MT (64.9%) out of the total regional production of 368,608.2 MT were contributed by priority vegetables and 129,516.7 MT (35.1%) came from major vegetables (Table 2).
- Benguet was the top producer with 308,218.6 MT with a share of 83.6% of the total regional vegetables production. Mountain Province came second with 8.4% share, followed by Apayao with 3.8%, Ifugao with 2.2%, and Abra with 1.6% share respectively (Figure 1).
- Kalinga contributed the smallest share in the total vegetables production of the region with an output of 959.6 MT comprising 0.3% of the total vegetables production in the region (Table 2).





Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

#### MAJOR VEGETABLE CROPS

- The commodities comprising the major vegetables are Mongo, Peanut, Cabbage, Eggplant, Tomato, Garlic, Camote and Cassava.
- Cordillera major vegetables output during the CY 2019 was 129,516.7 MT, comprising 64.9 % of the total vegetables production in the region (Table 3).

Region/Province	Production (MT)	Percent Share
CAR	129,516.7	100
Abra	1,890.6	1.5
Арауао	12,698.9	9.8
Benguet	94,261.6	72.8
Ifugao	5,358.4	4.1
Kalinga	341.8	0.3
Mountain Province	14,965.6	11.6

Table 3. Major Vegetables Production by Province, CAR: CY 2019

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

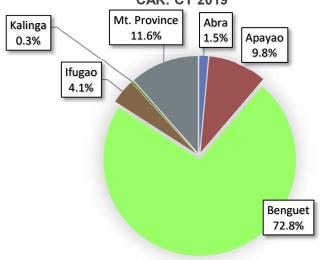


Figure 2. Percentage Distribution of Major Vegetables Production in CAR: CY 2019

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

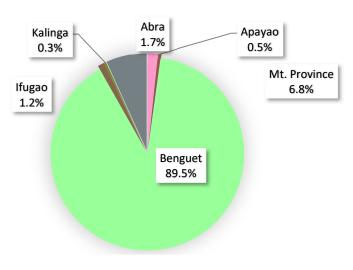
Benguet was the top major vegetables producing province with 94,261.6 MT comprising 72.8% of the total major vegetables production. Mt. Province followed with 11.6 % share. Apayao and Ifugao came third and fourth with 9.8% and 4.1% shares. The provinces with the smallest shares were Abra and Kalinga with 1.5% and 0.3 % shares, respectively (Figure 2).

CAR: CY 2019				
Region/Province	Production (MT)	Area Harvested (Has)		
CAR	368,608.2	23,976.9		
Abra	5,863.2	636.0		
Арауао	13,985.3	714.5		
Benguet	308,218.6	17,581.0		
Ifugao	8,130.8	1,759.1		
Kalinga	959.6	230.5		
Mountain Province	31,140.6	3,055.8		

## Table 4. Vegetables Production and Area Harvested by Province,CAR: CY 2019

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

 In 2019, CAR total vegetables production registered at 368,608.2 MT with an estimated area harvested of 23,976.9 hectares. Priority vegetables dominated the region's production accounting for 64.9% of the total vegetables production (Table 4).  Benguet province posted the highest vegetables production with 308,218.6 MT from an area harvested of 17,581.0 hectares. Mt. Province came second with 31,140.6 MT with an area harvested of 3,055.8 hectares while Kalinga had the least production in the region with 959.6 MT and an area harvested of 230.5 hectares (Table 4).



## Figure 3. Percentage Distribution of Priority Fruits production in CAR, CY 2019

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

#### PRIORITY VEGETABLE CROPS

- Priority vegetables include Habitchuelas, Banana blossom, Broccoli, Cauliflower, Kangkong, Lettuce, Pechay, Ampalaya fruit, Stringbeans, Gourd, Okra, Squash fruit, Ginger, Pepper, Carrots, Gabi, Radish and White potato.
- In terms of percentage distribution in priority fruits production in the region, Benguet contributed 89.5%. Mt. Province came second with 6.8% share. The other provinces and their shares to total priority vegetables production were Abra with 1.7%; Ifugao with 1.2%; and Apayao with 0.5%. Kalinga province had the smallest share of 0.3 percent (Figure 3).

VILLAFE P. ALIBUYOG Regional Director **Production** is the quantity produced and actually harvested for a particular crop during the reference period.

**Vegetable Crops** are mostly temporary crops which are either classified agronomically as such or based on purpose for which they are used.

**Root Crops** are well developed underground edible roots. They are classified into tubers and roots.

**Area Harvested** is the actual area which harvests are realized. This excludes crop area totally damaged.

*Major Crops* are the top 20 crops in the Philippines, other than palay and corn which collectively account for more than 60 percent of the total production.

**Priority Crops** are the identified national banner crops and various regional priority crops of the Key Commercial Crops Development Program (KCCDP), High Value Commercial Crops (HVCC) Program and now the Key Commodity Road Maps of the Department of Agriculture, which are being developed because of their industrial and commercial potentials.

*Industrial Crops* are crops that are used as inputs to other industries.

**Non-Food Industrial Commercial Crop** are crops other than those used for food consumption. These are crops grown for their aesthetic values such as ornamental plants and cut-flowers. These also include agriculture-derived products such as rice hay and coconut leaves.