

SPECIAL RELEASE

Summary Inflation Report for June 2025 Bottom 30% Income Households, Benguet (2018=100)

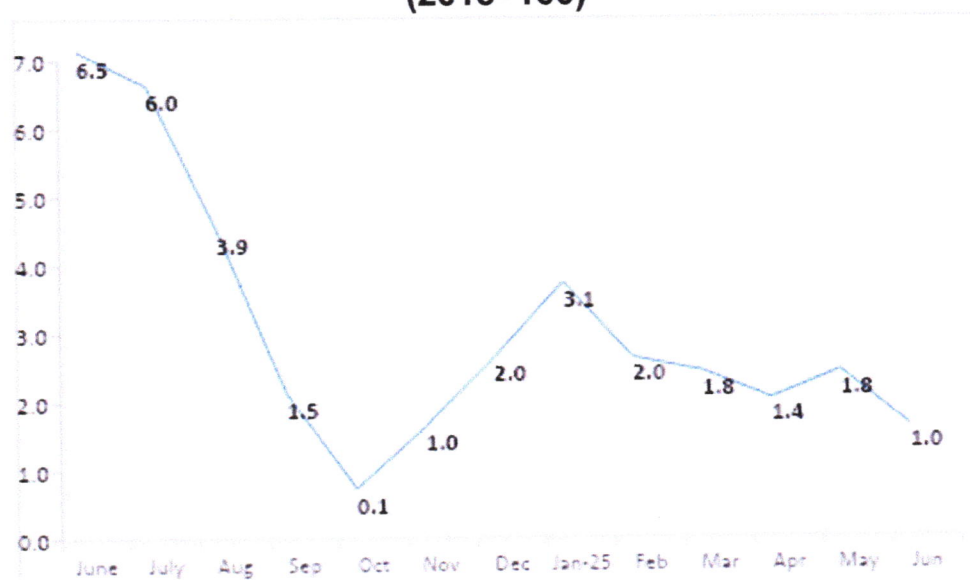
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**Table A. Year-on-Year Inflation Rates, All Items
In percent
(2018=100)**

	June 2024	May 2025	June 2025
Phil	5.5	0.0	(0.4)
CAR	5.9	1.6	0.9
Benguet	6.5	1.8	1.0

**Figure 1. Headline Inflation Rates in Benguet, All Items
(2018=100)**



Source: Retail Price Survey of Commodities for the Generation of Consumer Price Index, Philippine Statistics Authority

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Table B. Year-on-Year Inflation in Benguet, By Commodity Groups
In percent
(2018=100)

Commodity Groups	June 2024	May 2025	June 2025
ALL ITEMS	6.5	1.8	1.0
Food and Non-Alcoholic Beverages	6.2	4.0	2.6
Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco	0.4	2.5	2.6
Clothing and Footwear	9.2	3.0	3.3
Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas, and Other Fuels	18.0	(1.3)	(0.9)
Furnishing, Household Equipment and Routine Household Maintenance	0.0	0.1	0.1
Health	1.6	1.3	1.7
Transport	4.1	0.0	0.0
Information and Communication	6.6	2.2	1.7
Recreation, Sport and Culture	0.0	0.0	0.0
Education Services	1.5	2.4	1.8
Restaurants and Accommodation Services	6.2	4.0	2.6
Financial Services	0.4	2.5	2.6
Personal Care, and Miscellaneous Goods and Services	9.2	3.0	3.3
Source: Retail Price Survey of Commodities for the Generation of Consumer Price Index, Philippine Statistics Authority			

Table C. Year-on-Year Food Inflation in Benguet
In percent
(2018=100)

Commodity Groups	June 2024	May 2025	June 2025
FOOD	5.9	1.1	0.0
Cereals and cereal products (ND)	13.0	(1.6)	(2.1)
Cereals (ND)	15.3	(2.1)	(2.7)
Rice	15.5	(2.1)	(2.7)
Corn	5.7	0.0	0.0
Flour, Bread and Other Bakery Products, Pasta Products, and Other Cereals	4.0	0.6	0.6
Meat and other parts of slaughtered land animals (ND)	(1.3)	9.5	9.0
Fish and other seafood (ND)	2.6	2.5	2.0
Milk, other dairy products and eggs (ND)	2.7	1.4	1.5
Oils and fats (ND)	(5.4)	0.6	1.7
Fruits and nuts (ND)	(2.7)	5.6	9.8
Vegetables, tubers, plantains, cooking bananas and pulses (ND)	8.5	(3.7)	(11.2)
Sugar, confectionery and desserts (ND)	(4.6)	0.1	0.8
Ready-made food and other food products n.e.c. (ND)	5.0	2.4	2.3
Source: Retail Price Survey of Commodities for the Generation of Consumer Price Index, Philippine Statistics Authority			

Benguet

Headline Inflation

The headline inflation or overall inflation of the province for the bottom 30% income household decreased to 1.0 percent in June 2025 from 1.8 percent in the previous month. In June 2024, the inflation rate was higher at 6.5 percent. (Figure 1, and Tables A and B)

Main Drivers to the Downward Trend of the Headline Inflation

The downward trend in the overall inflation in June 2025 was primarily brought about by the annual increment of food and non-alcoholic beverages at 0.2 percent from 1.2 percent in the previous month. Also contributing to the downward trend was housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels with 2.6 percent from 4.0 percent, and personal care, and miscellaneous goods and services with 1.8 percent from 2.4 percent.

Lower annual increment was also noted in the index of restaurants and accommodation services during the month with 1.7 percent from 2.2 percent.

On the contrary, the following commodity groups exhibited higher annual increase during the month:

- a. Alcoholic beverages and tobacco, 7.4 percent from 7.2 percent;
- b. Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance, 2.6 percent from 2.5 percent;
- c. Health, 3.3 percent from 3.0 percent;
- d. Transport, -0.9 percent from -1.3 percent; and
- e. Recreation, sport and culture, 1.7 percent from 1.3 percent.

The indices of the rest of the commodity groups retained their respective previous month's annual rates.

Main Contributors to the Headline Inflation

The top three commodity groups contributing to the June 2025 overall inflation were the following:

- a. Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels;
- b. Alcoholic beverages and tobacco; and
- c. Personal care, and miscellaneous goods and services.

Food Inflation

Food inflation at the provincial level for the bottom 30% income household decreased to 0.0 percent in June 2025 from 1.1 percent in the previous month. In June 2024, food inflation was higher at 5.9 percent. (Table C)

Main Drivers to the Downward Trend of Food Inflation

The deceleration of food inflation in June 2025 was primarily brought about by vegetables, tubers, plantains, cooking bananas and pulses with -11.2 percent from -3.7 percent in the previous month. This was followed by cereals and cereal products with -2.1 percent from -1.6 percent, and meat and other parts of slaughtered land animals with 9.0 percent from 9.5 percent.


Lower annual increments were also noted in the indices of the following commodity groups during the month:

- a. Fish and other seafoods, 2.0 percent from 2.5 percent; and
- b. Ready-made food and other food products n.e.c., 2.3 percent from 2.4 percent.

In contrast, the following commodity groups registered higher inflation rates during the month:

- a. Milk, other dairy products and eggs, 1.5 percent from 1.4 percent;
- b. Oils and fats, 1.7 percent from 0.6 percent;
- c. Fruits and nuts, 9.8 percent from 5.6 percent;
- d. Sugar, confectionery and desserts, 0.8 percent from 0.1 percent.

Note: CPIs and inflation rates by region, province and selected city are posted at the PSA website (<https://openstat.psa.gov.ph/>).


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